ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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Clerk	

Clerk

Property Appraiser

Tax Collector

Sheriff

Supervisor of Elections

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2023

Title	Name
Board of County Commissioners	
District I	Ronald Williams
District II	Rocky Ford
District III	Robby Hollingsworth
District IV	Everett Phillips
District V	Timothy Murphy
County Attorney	Joel Foreman
Clerk of Circuit Court	James M. Swisher, Jr
Property Appraiser	Jeff Hampton
Sheriff	Mark Hunter
Supervisor of Elections	Tomi S. Brown
Tax Collector	Kyle Keen

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Columbia County, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Columbia County, Florida's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County, Florida, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government auditing standard, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Columbia County, Florida, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Columbia County, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Columbia County, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about Columbia County, Florida's ability to continue as a going concern for a
 reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the pension and OPEB schedules, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Columbia County, Florida's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of

Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the fund combining statements, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 17, 2024, on our consideration of Columbia County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lake City, Florida July 17, 2024

Yours Jones

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

The County's management discussion and analysis presents an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The analysis provides summary financial information for the County and should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

The County has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. This statement requires governmental entities to report finances in accordance with specific guidelines. Among those guidelines are the components of this section dealing with management's discussion and analysis.

Its intent is to provide a brief, objective, and easily readable analysis of the County's financial performance for the year and its financial position at fiscal year end September 30, 2023.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the County's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the County's major funds. The Notes to the financial statements provide additional information concerning the County's finances that are not disclosed in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities, and are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and business-type activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by property and non ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, federal and state grants, and state shared revenues. Business-type activities are supported by charges to the users of those activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all assets and liabilities of the County, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Net position is reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental Activities separate from those of business-type activities.

The statement of activities presents information on all revenues and expenses of the County and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the County. To assist in understanding the County's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities or business-type activities. Governmental activities financed by the County include public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human

services, culture and recreation, and general government services. Business-type activities financed by user charges include the landfill and sewer operations.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, and is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide information on all assets and liabilities of the fund, changes in the economic resources (revenues and expenses), and total economic resources.

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual, is provided for the County's general fund and major special revenue, capital projects, and debt service funds as required supplementary information. For the proprietary funds, which includes business-type activities, a statement of net position; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows are presented. A combining statement of fiduciary net position is presented for the County's agency funds.

Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's activities. Individual funds are established by the County to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses, comply with legal requirements, or account for the use of state and federal grants.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the County. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the County's financial standing, split between governmental activities and business-type activities. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the County's overall financial health and how the County paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the County. All assets of the County, including buildings, land, roads, and bridges are reported in the statement of net position. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds, landfill closure liabilities, and future employee benefits obligated but not paid by the County, are included. The statement of activities includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the County, but transactions between the different functions of the County have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses.

The *fund financial statements* provide a picture of the major funds of the County and a column for all non-major funds. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures, and long-term liabilities are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the *fund financial statements* to the *government-wide financial statements*, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the *government wide financial statements*.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the County. Additional information about the accounting practices of the County, investments of the County, long-term debt, and pension plan are some of the items included in the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total assets of the County exceeded total liabilities by \$179,100,536 (net position). Unrestricted net position for governmental activities was \$7,987,035 and for business-type activities was \$1,881,445. Governmental Activities restricted net position is \$30,537,340 and was \$-0- for Business-type Activities.

Total net position increased by \$6,393,041. Of that amount, a loss of \$4,177,274 is attributable to Governmental Activities; which is primarily attributable to a 10.9 million adjustment in net pension liability. Business-type Activities net position increased by \$10,550,185, the majority of this increase was due to a physical environmental grant.

Governmental Activities revenues decreased by \$4,756,730 to \$93,491,410. This decrease in revenue was due primarily to decreases in grant revenue due to large amounts of ARPA funding received in prior year. Governmental Activities expenses increased by \$14,962,448 to \$94,965,337. This increase in expenses was primarily due to normal inflation, and an increase in the net pension liability.

Business-type activities revenues increased \$12,344,177to \$16,477,556, and business-type expenses increased \$4,023,216 to \$8,636,980.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At September 30, 2023, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$179,100,536.

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities, and net position of the County.

Net Position

			Total Gov	ernment			
	Governmental	Business-type	2023	2022			
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 92,535,325	\$ 4,620,984	\$ 97,156,309	\$ 82,466,435			
Restricted assets	-	14,975,441	14,975,441	14,572,561			
Other Noncurrent assets	127,469,111	28,240,818	155,709,929	144,101,026			
Total assets	220,004,436	47,837,243	267,841,679	241,140,022			
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Related to pensions and OPEB	13,993,636	299,209	14,292,845	11,359,168			
Liabilities							
Current liabilities (payable							
from current assets)	10,977,790	2,303,792	13,281,582	13,810,612			
Current liabilities (payable							
from restricted assets)	-	-	-	670,258			
Noncurrent liabilities	69,882,592	16,361,829	86,244,421	60,783,752			
Total liabilities	80,860,382	18,665,621	99,526,003	75,264,622			
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Related to pensions and OPEB	3,436,689	71,297	3,507,986	4,500,681			
Net Position							
Net position invested in capital							
assets, net of related debt	111,176,626	27,518,090	138,694,716	131,033,389			
Net position - restricted	30,537,340	-	30,537,340	30,998,090			
Net position - unrestricted	7,987,035	1,881,445	9,868,480	10,702,408			
Total net position	\$ 149,701,001	\$ 29,399,535	\$ 179,100,536	\$ 172,733,887			

77% of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional 17% of the County's net position represents resources that are dedicated or subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, 6%, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position. Governmental activities expenses exceeded revenues and transfers in by \$4,183,536. The decrease in Governmental Activities net position is due primarily to the County's increase in net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. There was an increase in Business-type Activities net position of \$10,550,185.

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental	Business-type	Total Government				
	Activities	Activities	2023	2022			
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 7,988,976	\$ 4,929,512	\$12,918,488	\$ 2,988,201			
Operating grants/							
contributions	20,643,523	11,016,785	31,660,308	34,588,225			
Capital grants/contributions	1,344,737	-	1,344,737	3,755,397			
General revenues							
Property taxes	27,133,636	-	27,133,636	24,400,496			
Sales and use taxes	14,880,808	-	14,880,808	19,411,394			
Federal and State shared							
revenues	17,996,014	-	17,996,014	16,271,360			
Interest	1,757,634	491,310	2,248,944	(900,632)			
Gain (loss) on disposition of fixed assets	213,228	-	213,228	(926,450)			
Other	1,532,854	39,949	1,572,803	1,867,078			
Total revenues	93,491,410	16,477,556	109,968,966	101,455,069			
_							
Expenses:							
General government	16,763,126	-	16,763,126	12,902,316			
Public safety	37,088,900	-	37,088,900	30,758,704			
Physical environment	6,854,402	8,636,980	15,491,382	10,369,933			
Transportation	18,129,168	-	18,129,168	17,384,037			
Economic environment	3,433,703	-	3,433,703	2,440,127			
Human services	3,761,807	-	3,761,807	5,174,501			
Culture/recreation	2,740,691	-	2,740,691	2,815,801			
Court related	5,817,221	-	5,817,221	2,506,301			
Interest on long-term debt	376,319		376,319	300,933			
Total expenses	94,965,337	8,636,980	103,602,317	84,652,653			
Transfers in (out)	(2,709,609)	2,709,609					
Increase (decrease) in							
net position	\$ (4,183,536)	\$ 10,550,185	\$ 6,366,649	\$16,802,416			

Property taxes provide 29% of the revenues for Governmental Activities, while sales taxes provide 16%. Most of the Governmental Activities resources are spent for Public Safety (39%), General Government (18%), Transportation (19%), Human Services (4%) Physical Environment (7%).

FUND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The County's General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources that are not restricted by State or Federal laws, County Ordinances or other externally imposed requirements. As of September 30, 2023, total assets were \$27,998,944 and total liabilities were \$919,007. The ending fund balance was \$27,079,937; \$147,236 of which was restricted, \$1,712,573 was nonspendable interfund loan, and \$270,022 was assigned for specific project expenditures.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, total revenues, \$46,515,847, exceeded total expenditures, by \$26,069,682. \$(25,854,822) was transferred to other funds for operational and

capital related purposes, \$815,298 was transferred in, and \$823,001 in new lease proceeds were received. The net increase in the fund balance in the General Fund was therefore, \$1,853,159.

During the fiscal year, the County amended and increased the General Fund budget by \$8,680,725 primarily due to public assistance and general government projects.

Other Governmental Funds

The County Transportation Trust Fund accounts for motor fuel taxes designated for the annual maintenance of roads, bridges, right-of-way, drainage systems, etc. The County has the legal authority to levy ad valorem taxes for the Transportation Fund, but has elected not to do so. During the year, expenditures and transfers exceeded revenues, sales of equipment, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers in out by \$705,335 and resulted in an ending fund balance of \$11,496,479.

The *Municipal Services Fund* accounts for expenditures incurred for the solid waste collection and fire control services in the unincorporated area, and other services which primarily benefit residents of the unincorporated area of the County. Financing is provided by non-ad valorem assessments and other revenues derived from the unincorporated area. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 expenditures exceeded revenues and transfers out by \$634,578.

The *Economic Development Fund* is utilized to promote economic development in the County and to manage economic development agreements with industrial entities in the County. During the year expenditures exceeded revenues and transfers in and transfers out by \$42,856.

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is used to account for the government funding under the American Rescue Plan Act and the expenditure of those funds. During the year grant funds were revenues exceeded expenditures by \$666,031

The Sheriff General Fund is the general operating fund of the Sheriff, a Constitutional Officer. The primary source of funds are transfers from the Board of County Commission General Fund. Expenditures for the year were \$19,550,599 and by law this fund has no ending fund balance.

The Road Improvement Fund accounts for the ongoing resurfacing and improvements to various roads within the County. Financing is provided by State construction grants and various transfers from other Board funds. During the year, expenditures and transfers out exceeded revenues by \$4,473,749 leaving an ending fund balance of \$7,052,975.

General Fund Budget

Actual revenues for the General Fund exceeded budgeted revenue and transfers in by \$3,771,950. This was primarily due to shared revenue and grants in excess of anticipated amounts. Budgeted expenditures and transfers out were greater than actual by \$10,653,406. This was due to lower levels of spending for public assistance and recreation than anticipated.

Proprietary Funds

The Landfill Enterprise Fund accounts for the revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities associated with the County-operated solid waste disposal facility. This fund is substantially financed by tippage fees charged to users of the services. Total assets as of September 30, 2023, were \$28,820,628, total liabilities were \$15,795,699, net deferred outflows/inflows related to the Florida State Retirement System pension liability were \$175,818 and net position was \$13,200,747. Total income, including interest and grants, was \$4,993,617. Total expenses were \$7,273,649. There was a transfer in of \$9,743. This reduced net position by \$2,270,289 to \$13,200,747

The *Utilities Fund* accounts for the financial activities associated with the County operated water and sewer services. Total assets at September 30, 2023 were \$21,212,027, total liabilities were \$5,065,333, and net position was \$16,198,788. Total income and transfers in were \$14,183,805. Total expenses, including interest expense, were \$1,363,331, leaving a net change in net position of \$12,820,474.

CAPITAL ASSETS ACTIVITY

The County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2023, is \$155,709,931 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress, net of depreciation. General fixed assets are recorded at cost. For assets purchased before 2003, assets were recorded at cost or fair market value.

The most significant change in capital assets during the fiscal year was the ongoing construction of various roads and road improvements, utility improvements and County jail facilities construction.

The following schedule provides a summary of the County's capital assets balances for the year ended September 30, 2023, compared to the prior year:

Capital Assets

	Government	al Business-type	Total Government				
	Activities	Activities	2023	2022			
Land and land interests	\$ 15,145,4	156 \$ 2,087, 11 8	\$ 17,232,574	\$ 17,103,573			
Construction in progress	2,361,8	321 17,820,294	20,182,115	13,425,012			
Infrastructure	189,659,1	L87 17,917,054	207,576,241	206,647,381			
Buildings and improvements	94,789,3	391 508,514	95,297,905	86,342,508			
Equipment	34,385,3	5,491,647	39,876,988	39,416,102			
Right to use leased assets	4,863,2	264 195,060	5,058,324	1,938,551			
	341,204,4	44,019,687	385,224,147	364,873,127			
Less accumulated depreciation	(213,735,3	349) (15,778,869)	(229,514,218)	(220,772,102)			
Total	\$ 127,469,1	\$ 28,240,818	\$155,709,929	\$144,101,025			

DEBT MANAGEMENT

Governmental Activities Debt

During the year, total long-term debt increased by \$16,536,220. This was primarily due to the increase of \$10,908,910 in the net pension liability of the Florida State Retirement Pension Plan. The following schedule shows the balances of the County's long-term debt at year end:

Revenue bonds	\$	13,921,953
Capital leases		533,739
Leases		3,300,095
Compensated absences		3,379,793
County's proportionate share FRS pension liability		51,123,498
Other post-employment benefits		207,448
	-\$	72,466,526

Business-type Activities Debt

The County has received loans from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection in support of its utility services. The total balances payable of these loans and the other debt of the proprietary funds of the County at September 30, 2023 are shown in the table below:

Department of Environmental Protection Loans	\$ 543,922
Leases	177,552
Compensated absences	133,938
Landfill Closure Liability	14,508,858
Net pension liability	 1,095,753
	\$ 16,460,023

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

- The 2023 unemployment rate for the County, was 3.4%.
- The estimated population for the County in 2023 was 73,063.
- The ad valorem tax millage rate for the County was 7.815 mills in 2023, which was the same as the prior year.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Manager, P. O. Drawer 1529, Lake City, Florida 32025, or by calling (386) 758-1005.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business - type Activities	Total				
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash	\$ 63,453,619	\$ 6,282,051	\$ 69,735,670				
Accounts receivable, net	105,333	489,248	594,581				
Internal balances	2,195,412	(2,195,412)	-				
Due from fiduciary funds	279,092	-	279,092				
Due from other governmental units	2,801,425	3,000	2,804,425				
Inventories	58,089	-	58,089				
Prepaid expenses	260,220	-	260,220				
Investments	23,379,135	42,097	23,421,232				
Other current assets	3,000		3,000				
Total current assets	92,535,325	4,620,984	97,156,309				
Noncurrent Assets							
Restricted assets							
Cash	-	98,847	98,847				
Investments		14,876,594	14,876,594				
Total restricted assets		14,975,441	14,975,441				
Capital assets:							
Capital assets not being depreciated	17,507,277	19,907,412	37,414,689				
Capital assets being depreciated, net	106,309,738	8,154,276	114,464,014				
Lease assets net of amortization, net	3,652,096	179,130	3,831,226				
Total capital assets	127,469,111	28,240,818	155,709,929				
Total assets	220,004,436	47,837,243	267,841,679				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to pensions and OPEB	13,993,636	299,209	14,292,845				
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	2,366,882	2,106,511	4,473,393				
Accrued wages	1,854,368	48,671	1,903,039				
Due to other governmental units	208,587	-	208,587				
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	506,969	20,091	527,060				
Interest payable	19,300	2,643	21,943				
Deposits	9,939	46,569	56,508				
Other current liabilities	33,712	-	33,712				
Unearned revenue	3,900,068	-	3,900,068				
Bonds payable, current portion	-	-	-				
Notes payable, current portion	1,464,302	52,674	1,516,976				
Leases payable, current portion	613,663	26,633	640,296				
Total current liabilities	10,977,790	2,303,792	13,281,582				
Noncurrent Liabilities							
	40.450.054	400 504	10.051.150				
Notes payable, net of current Capital leases	12,458,651	492,501	12,951,152 -				
Bonds payable, net of current							
Leases payable, net of current	3,220,171	150,920	3,371,091				
Accrued compensated absences, net of current	2,872,824	113,847	2,986,671				
OPEB Liability	207,448		207,448				
Estimated landfill closure liability	201,110	14,508,858	14,508,858				
Net pension liability	51,123,498	1,095,703	52,219,201				
Total noncurrent liabilities	69,882,592	16,361,829	86,244,421				
Total liabilities	80,860,382	18,665,620	99,526,002				
(Continued)							

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	G 	overnmental Activities		ness - type ctivities		Total		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Related to pensions and OPEB		3,436,689	\$	71,297	\$	3,507,986		
NET POSITION								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		111,176,626	2	7,356,164	:	138,532,790		
Restricted		30,537,340		-		30,537,340		
Unrestricted		7,987,035		7,987,035		2,043,371		10,030,406
Total net position	\$	\$ 149,701,001		9,399,535	\$	179,100,536		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

				Pro	gram Services			Changes in Net Position								
	Expenses		narges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total				
Functions/Programs	Expolisos		30111003	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Addividos		Addividos	-					
Governmental Activities																
General Government \$	16,763,126	\$	5,188,742	\$	7,341,709	\$ -	\$	(4,232,675)	\$	_	\$	(4,232,675)				
Public Safety	37,088,900		854,274	•	2,386,909	· -	•	(33,847,717)	•	-	•	(33,847,717)				
Physical Environment	6,854,402		-		2,787,508	-		(4,066,894)		-		(4,066,894)				
Transportation	18,129,168		2,833		4,906,323	1,344,737		(11,875,275)		-		(11,875,275)				
Economic Environment	3,433,703		-		1,748,452	-		(1,685,251)		-		(1,685,251)				
Human Services	3,761,807		-		452,950	-		(3,308,857)		-		(3,308,857)				
Culture/recreation	2,740,691		7,437		704,360	-		(2,028,894)		-		(2,028,894)				
Court-related	5,817,221		1,935,690		315,312	-		(3,566,219)		-		(3,566,219)				
Interest on long-term debt	376,319		-		-	-		(376,319)		-		(376,319)				
Total governmental activities	94,965,337		7,988,976		20,643,523	1,344,737		(64,988,101)		-		(64,988,101)				
Business - type activities																
Physical Environment																
Landfill and utilities	8,636,980		4,929,512		11,016,785	-		-		7,309,317		7,309,317				
Total government \$	103,602,317	\$	12,918,488	\$	31,660,308	\$ 1,344,737		(64,988,101)		7,309,317		(57,678,784)				
			eral revenues													
			alorem taxes					27,133,636		-		27,133,636				
			s and use taxes					13,990,708		-		13,990,708				
			chise taxes					535,979		-		535,979				
			eral payments in I					354,121		-		354,121				
			eral and state sha	ared re	evenue			17,996,014		-		17,996,014				
		Inter						1,757,633		491,310		2,248,943				
		Gain	(loss) on disposi	tion of	f fixed assets			213,228		39,949		253,177				
			ts and royalties					85,431		-		85,431				
		Misc	ellaneous					1,447,424		-		1,447,424				
			sfers in (out)					(2,709,609)		2,709,609						
		Tota	l general rever	nues	and transfers			60,804,565		3,240,868		64,045,433				
			nge in net posi					(4,183,536)		10,550,185		6,366,649				
		-	t position beginning		of year			153,884,537		18,849,350		172,733,887				
		Net p	osition end of	year			\$	149,701,001	\$	29,399,535	\$	179,100,536				

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds							Capi	tal Projects Funds							
	General Fund		County Transpor- tation Trust	por- on Municipal Economic American Sheriff		Sheriff Operating		Road Improvement	G	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds					
ASSETS	-						-		•							-	
Cash	\$ 2,081,197	\$	9,279,603	\$	5,790,968	\$	4,210,293	\$	7,310,051	\$	1,489,226	\$	5,760,499	\$	27,531,782	\$	63,453,619
Accounts receivable	359		-		400.000		-		-		79,573		-		25,401		105,333
Due from other funds Due from other governmental units	6,867,484 1,101,549		294,373		482,839 14,302		72,336		-		3,984 44,090		133,807		255,491 1,140,968		7,609,798 2,801,425
Inventories	1,101,549		58,089		14,302		12,336		-		44,090		133,607		1,140,966		58,089
Prepaid items			260.220														260.220
Investments	17,945,355		1,928,900		-		-		-		-		1,541,361		1,963,519		23,379,135
Other current assets	3,000		_,020,000		_		_		_		_		_,0,0 0		_,000,020		3,000
Total assets	\$ 27,998,944	\$	11,821,185	\$	6,288,109	\$	4,282,629	\$	7,310,051	\$	1,616,873	\$	7,435,667	\$	30,917,161	\$	97,670,619
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liablities Accounts payable	\$ 688,418	\$	170,746	\$	227,119	\$	73,856	\$	-	\$	333,435	\$	382,692	\$	490,616	\$	2,366,882
Due to other funds	-		-		-		1,536,674		3,037,918		172,258		-		388,444		5,135,294
Due to other governmental units	-		-		17,129				-		-		-		191,458		208,587
Accrued wages	226,166		153,959		191,341		3,307		-		1,111,180		-		168,415		1,854,368
Deposits	2,300		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,639		9,939
Other current liabilities Unearned revenues	2,123		-		3.654		-		3,592,472		-		-		31,589 303.942		33,712 3,900,068
Total liabilities	 919,007		324,705		439,243		1,613,837		6,630,390		1,616,873		382,692		1,582,103		13,508,850
Fund balances Nonspendable:																	
Inventories Prepaid items	-		58,089		-		-		-		-		-		-		58,089
Utilities fund Ioan	1,712,573		260,220		482,839		-		-		-		-		-		260,220 2,195,412
Restricted	147,236		11,178,171		5,366,027		-		679,661		-		-		13,166,245		30,537,340
Assigned	270,022		11,170,171		5,366,027		2,668,792		079,001		-		7,052,975		16,168,813		26,160,602
Unassigned	24,950,106		-		-		2,008,792		-		-		1,052,915		16,168,813		24,950,106
Total fund balances	27,079,937		11,496,480		5,848,866		2,668,792		679,661				7,052,975		29,335,058		84,161,769
Total liabilities and	 21,013,331		11,430,400		3,040,000		2,000,132		073,001				1,032,313		23,333,030		04,101,703
fund balances	\$ 27,998,944	\$	11,821,185	\$	6,288,109	\$	4,282,629	\$	7,310,051	\$	1,616,873	\$	7,435,667	\$	30,917,161		
				posi Capi	ition are differential assets used	nt bed	cause:		n the statement of n		es and are there	ore not	reported				407.400.444
				Long	:he funds: g-term debt trai :he funds:	nsactio	ons are not due	and p	ayable in the current	t perio	od and therefore	are not	reported				127,469,111
					terest payable												(19,300)
					otes payable												(13,922,953)
					eases payable												(3,833,834)
					ccrued compen	sated	absences										(3,379,793)
					et pension liabi												(51,123,498)
					eferred outflow		ows of resource	es									10,556,947
					PEB obligation												(207,448)
See notes to financial statements.				Net	position of gove	ernme	ntal activities									\$	149,701,001

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Special Revenu	ıe Funds		Capital Projects Funds		
		County Transpor-						Other	Total
	General	tation	Municipal	Economic	American	Sheriff	Road	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Trust	Services	Development	Rescue Plan Act	Operating	Improvement	Funds	Funds
REVENUES				_	_	_			
Taxes	\$ 32,518,413	\$ 7,772,694	\$ 849,534	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,311,011	\$ 4,150,482	\$ 46,602,134
Licenses and permits, special assessments	90,650		12,069,770	-	-	-	4 400 000	5,688	12,166,108
Intergovernmental	9,770,665	4,906,323	435,821	1,748,452	500,000	276,439	1,402,399	3,915,010	22,955,109
Charges for services	2,900,919	2,785	305,554	-	-	198,343	-	4,581,375	7,988,976
Fines and forfeitures	147,430	470.004	470.074	- 07.004	466.024	-	000 4 40	209,223	356,653 1.757.633
Interest	642,089 445,681	170,821 305,331	170,071 113,399	87,994	166,031	25,772 385,815	222,142	272,713 201,343	1,451,569
Miscellaneous Total revenues	46,515,847	13,157,954	13,399	1,836,446	666,031	886,369	2,935,552	13,335,834	93,278,182
Total revenues	46,515,847	13,157,954	13,944,149	1,836,446	666,031	886,369	2,935,552	13,335,834	93,278,182
EXPENDITURES									
Current expenditures									
General government	7,864,820	-	37,898	-	-		-	6,607,333	14,510,051
Public safety	4,223,982	-	8,150,660	-	-	19,533,118	-	441,807	32,349,567
Physical environment	1,899,851	-	4,200,335	-	-	· · · · ·	-	-	6,100,186
Transportation	· · ·	10,707,168	-	-	-	-	2,239,386	3,169	12,949,723
Economic environment	228,565	-	24,829	1,229,302	-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,873,679	3,356,375
Human services	3,675,230	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,675,230
Culture/recreation	689,288	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,867,530	2,556,818
Court-related	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,287,726	2,287,726
Capital outlay									
General government	919,514	-	-	-	-	-	-	161,600	1,081,114
Public safety	629,679	-	311,054	-	-	852,381	-	417,422	2,210,536
Physical environment	98,202	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98,202
Transportation	-	530,329	-	-	-	-	169,915	2,120,850	2,821,094
Economic environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,290	8,290
Human service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,834	18,834
Culture/recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	458,251	458,251
Court-related	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,739	2,739
Debt service									
Principal	207,380	726,752	326,832	-	-	51,469	-	1,166,012	2,478,445
Interest	9,654	12,344	27,119			-		327,202	376,319
Total expenditures	20,446,165	11,976,593	13,078,727	1,229,302		20,436,968	2,409,301	17,762,444	87,339,500
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	26,069,682	1,181,361	865,422	607,144	666,031	(19,550,599)	526,251	(4,426,610)	5,938,682
Other financing sources (uses)									
Sale of fixed assets								209,120	209,120
Lease proceeds	823,001	2,110,305	-	-	-	•	-	5,665,165	8,598,471
Interfund transfers in	815,298	3,000	-	_	_	19,550,599	_	15,714,376	36,083,273
Interfund transfers out	(25,854,822)	(4,000,000)	(1,500,000)	(650,000)		19,550,555	(5,000,000)	(1,778,317)	(38,783,139)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(24,216,523)	(1,886,695)	(1,500,000)	(650,000)		19,550,599	(5,000,000)	19,810,344	6,107,725
Total other infallents sources (uses)	(27,210,323)	(1,000,090)	(1,500,000)	(050,000)		19,550,599	(3,000,000)	19,010,044	0,101,125
Net change in fund balances	1,853,159	(705,334)	(634,578)	(42,856)	666,031	-	(4,473,749)	15,383,734	12,046,407
Fund balances beginning of year	25,226,778	12,201,814	6,483,444	2,711,648	13,630	-	11,526,724	13,951,324	72,115,362
Fund balances end of year	27,079,937	11,496,480	5,848,866	2,668,792	679,661		7,052,975	29,335,058	84,161,769
See notes to financial statements.						-			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	12,046,407
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement			
of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures.			
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those			
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as			
depreciation expense. Losses on dispositions are not			
recorded in governmental funds.			
Transfers of equipment to other funds	(9,743)		
Loss on disposition of equipment	(840,332)		
Expenditures for capital assets	6,699,060		
Less current year depreciation and adjustments	(9,413,989)		
			(3,565,004)
Repayments of notes, capital leases and bonds are			
expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment			
reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Debt proceeds increase fund balance in governmental funds			
but are increases in liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Principal payments	2,478,445		
Lease additions	(2,933,306)		
Note financing	(5,665,165)		
Lease terminations	844,440		
			(5,275,586)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do			
not require the use of current financial resources, therefore,			
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Net change in compensated absences	(346,576)		
Net change in accrued interest expense	55,306		
Net change in the OPEB obligation	(5,148)		
Net change in net pension liability	(10,908,910)		
Net change in deferred inflows/outflows	3,815,975		
			(7,389,353)
		<u> </u>	(4 102 526)
			(4,183,536)

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2023

Business type -Activities Enterprise Funds

	Landfill Enterprise	Utilities	Total	
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,414,766	\$ (132,715)	\$ 6,282,051	
Accounts receivable net of allowance for uncollectible accounts	433,920	55,328	489,248	
Due from other governmental units	-	3,000	3,000	
Investments	42,097	-	42,097	
Total current assets	6,890,783	(74,387)	6,816,396	
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	98,847	-	98,847	
Investments	14,876,594		14,876,594	
Total restricted assets	14,975,441		14,975,441	
Fixed assets				
Nondepreciable				
Land	908,279	1,178,839	2,087,118	
Construction in progress	89,094	17,731,200	17,820,294	
Depreciable				
Buildings	508,514	-	508,514	
Improvements other than buildings	12,308,841	5,608,213	17,917,054	
Equipment	5,415,798	75,849	5,491,647	
Leased assets	156,780	38,280	195,060	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(12,432,902)	(3,345,967)	(15,778,869)	
Total fixed assets	6,954,404	21,286,414	28,240,818	
Total noncurrent assets	21,929,845	21,286,414	43,216,259	
Total assets	28,820,628	21,212,027	50,032,655	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to pensions and OPEB	230,819	68,390	299,209	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	134,178	1,972,333	2,106,511	
Accrued wages	36,622	12,049	48,671	
Due to other funds	-	2,195,412	2,195,412	
Interest payable	_	2,643	2,643	
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	16,181	3,910	20,091	
Deposits	21,589	24,980	46,569	
Note payable, current portion	-	52,674	52,674	
Leases payable, current portion	21,200	5,433	26,633	
Total current liabilities	229,770	4,269,434	4,499,204	

(Continued)

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2023

Business type -Activities Enterprise Funds

	Landfill Enterprise		Utilities		Total		
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Net pension liability	\$	845,247	\$	250,456	\$	1,095,703	
Notes payable, net of current		-	492,501			492,501	
Leases payable, net of current		120,135	30,785			150,920	
Landfill closure liability	closure liability 14,508,858			-		14,508,858	
Accrued compensated absences, net of current	Accrued compensated absences, net of current 91,690			22,157		113,847	
Total noncurrent liabilities		15,565,930		795,899		16,361,829	
Total liabilities	15,795,699		5,065,333			20,861,032	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to pensions and OPEB		55,001		16,296		71,297	
NET POSITION							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		6,813,069		20,705,021		27,518,090	
Unrestricted (deficit)	6,387,678			(4,506,233)		1,881,445	
Total net position		13,200,747	\$	16,198,788	\$	29,399,535	

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDASTATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Business- type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Landfill Enterprise	Utilities	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Licenses and permits	\$ 117,546	\$ 11,241	\$ 128,787
Franchise fees	368,089	-	368,089
Charges for services			
Physical environment			
Garbage/solid waste revenue	3,969,553	-	3,969,553
Water and wastewater revenue	-	454,251	454,251
Miscellaneous	8,832	-	8,832
Total operating revenues	4,464,020	465,492	4,929,512
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Landfill and water/wastewater utilities			
Personnel services	1,326,027	416,562	1,742,589
Operating expenses	1,703,380	645,544	2,348,924
Depreciation/amortization	701,392	287,719	989,111
Total operating expenses	3,730,799	1,349,825	5,080,624
Operating income (loss)	733,221	(884,333)	(151,112)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	39,949	-	39,949
Landfill closure liability adjustment	(3,540,164)	-	(3,540,164)
Interest earnings	489,648	1,662	491,310
Debt service costs			
Interest	(2,686)	(13,506)	(16,192)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(3,013,253)	(11,844)	(3,025,097)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(2,280,032)	(896,177)	(3,176,209)
Capital grants	-	11,016,785	11,016,785
Transfers in/(out)	9,743	2,699,866	2,709,609
	9,743	13,716,651	13,726,394
Change in net position	(2,270,289)	12,820,474	10,550,185
Net position at beginning of year	15,471,036	3,378,314	18,849,350
Net position at beginning or year	\$ 13,200,747	\$ 16,198,788	\$ 29,399,535
position at ona or jour	+ 10,200,111		

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Business - type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Landfill Enterprise	<u>Utilities</u>	Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash flows received from services	\$ 4,613,363	\$ 467,793	\$ 5,081,156	
Cash paid for employees and benefits	(1,103,480)	(312,671)	(1,416,151)	
Cash paid to vendors	(1,621,884)	(609,326)	(2,231,210)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,887,999	(454,204)	1,433,795	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities				
Transfers (to)/from other funds	-	2,699,866	2,699,866	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	2,699,866	2,699,866	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Gain on disposition of capital assets	39,949	-	39,949	
Payments to acquire or construct capital assets	(640,368)	(2,391,739)	(3,032,107)	
Principal paid on bonds	-	(37,315)	(37,315)	
Principal paid on leases	-	(13,523)	(13,523)	
Interest paid on capital debt	(2,707)	<u>-</u>	(2,707)	
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(603,126)	(2,442,577)	(3,085,652)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest received	85,113	1,662	86,775	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	85,113	1,662	86,775	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,369,986	(195,253)	1,174,733	
Cash at beginning of year	5,143,627	62,538	5,206,165	
Cash at end of year	\$ 6,513,613	\$ (132,715)	\$ 6,380,898	
Cash is shown in the financial statements as:				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,414,766	\$ (132,715)	\$ 6,282,051	
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	98,847	<u> </u> -	98,847	
	\$ 6,513,613	\$ (132,715)	\$ 6,380,898	

(Continued)

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Business - type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enterprise runus			
	Landf	ill Enterprise	Utilities	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	733,221	\$ (884,333)	\$ (151,112)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		701,392	287,719	989,111
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Accounts receivable		133,003	(12,607)	120,396
Due from other governmental units		16,340	-	16,340
Deferred outflows of resources		(5,340)	(30,611)	(35,951)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable		81,046	36,218	117,264
Accrued wages		7,889	3,796	11,685
Accrued compensated absences		14,776	6,836	21,612
Net pension liability		279,668	123,870	403,538
Deferred inflows of resources		(74,446)	-	(74,446)
Deposits		450	14,908	15,358
Total adjustments		1,154,778	430,129	1,584,907
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	1,887,999	\$ (454,204)	\$ 1,433,795

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	4,301,276	
Accounts receivable		2,501	
Due from other funds			
Total assets	\$	4,303,777	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	204	
Court fees payable		464,415	
Due to other funds		279,092	
Due to other governmental units		2,064,843	
Total liabilities		2,808,554	
NET POSITION	\$ 1,495,223		

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS			
Funds held for others	\$	8,549,943	
Cash bonds		227,339	
Taxes collected for other governments		64,902,726	
Tax Collector licenses and fees		7,710,143	
Sheriff civil fees		110,285	
Fines, fees and court costs		7,961,565	
Total additions		89,462,001	
DEDUCTIONS			
Funds held for others		8,541,109	
Cash bonds		356,365	
Fines, fees and court costs		7,956,335	
Taxes and fees payable		72,612,871	
Sheriff civil fees		108,795	
Total deductions		89,575,475	
Change in net position		(113,474)	
Net position - beginning of year		1,608,697	
Net position - end of year	\$	1,495,223	

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Columbia County, Florida, (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State pursuant to Article VIII, Section 1(a) of the Constitution of the State of Florida. The County is governed by the Board of County Commissioners and five elected constitutional officers (Clerk of the Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector) in accordance with State statutes and regulations. The constitutional officers maintain separate accounting records and budgets from the Board of County Commissioners. The Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d) created the constitutional officers and Article VIII, Section 1(e), created the Board of County Commissioners.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989, are not applied in the preparation of the financial statements of the proprietary fund types in accordance with GASB Statement 20. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

A. Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. The reporting entity's financial statements should allow users to distinguish between the primary government (the Board) and its component units. However, some component units, because of the closeness of their relationships with the Board, should be blended as though they are part of the Board. Otherwise, most component units should be discretely presented. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government (the Board), (2) organizations for which the County is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (a) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County. The County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County regardless of whether the organization has (a) a separately elected governing body, (b) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (c) a jointly appointed board. Based on these criteria, County management examined all organizations which are legally separate in order to determine which organizations, if any, should be included in the Board's special purpose financial statements. Management determined that there were no organizations that should be included in the County's financial statements as a component unit.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the County are comprised of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and agency fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry, if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. As applicable, the County also chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a "doubling up" effect.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the County is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental and proprietary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually, and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 75 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the County.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Any noncurrent portions of long-term receivables (special assessments) due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Noncurrent portions of other long-term receivables are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary Funds

The County's Landfill Enterprise Fund and Utilities Fund are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods and services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets.

Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as all FASB Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins, issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense.

C. Basis of Presentation

GASB Statement 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The County has used GASB 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination and has also electively disclosed funds which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus as major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

1. Governmental Major Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

County Transportation Trust Fund - The County Transportation Trust Fund accounts for expenditures incurred for the maintenance and repairs of County roads. Financing is provided by local option fuel taxes and distributions of state shared fuel taxes and other revenues.

Municipal Services Fund - The Municipal Services Fund accounts for expenditures incurred for the solid waste collection and fire services in the unincorporated area, and other services which primarily benefit residents of the unincorporated area of the County. Financing is provided by non ad valorem assessments and other revenues derived from the unincorporated area.

Economic Development Fund - The Economic Development Fund is utilized to promote economic development in the County and to manage economic development agreements with industrial entities in the County.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund – The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is used to administer and account for funding received under the American Rescue Plan Act.

Sheriff Operating Fund - The Operating Fund of the Sheriff is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the Office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road Improvement Fund - The Road Improvement Fund accounts for the ongoing resurfacing and improvements to various roads within the County. Financing is provided by State construction grants and various transfers from other County funds.

2. Proprietary Funds:

Landfill Enterprise Fund - The Landfill Enterprise Fund accounts for the revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities associated with the County operated solid waste disposal services.

Utilities Fund – The Utilities Fund accounts for revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities associated with the County operated water and sewer services.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County maintains a cash pool that is available for use by most funds. Earnings from the pooled cash are allocated to the respective funds based on applicable cash participation by each fund. The cash pool is managed such that all participating funds have the ability to deposit and withdraw cash as if they were demand deposit accounts. Therefore, all balances representing participants' equity in the cash pools are classified as cash and cash equivalents for financial statement purposes. In addition, longer-term investments are held by certain of the County's funds and are reported as investments on these statements.

2. Investments

Investments, consisting of investments in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund and Florida Counties Investment Trust Fund and money market funds, are stated at cost which approximates market value. All such investments are secured as required by State law. Other investments of the County are stated at market value as described in note 4.

3. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

No allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained since all fund accounts receivable are considered collectible as reported at September 30, 2023.

4. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Any receivables in excess of 180 days would comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for doubtful accounts.

5. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the "first-in, first-out" method of accounting. Supplies inventories of certain governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

6. Restricted Assets

Certain net position of the County is classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because its use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

7. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, County-administered Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and the Enterprise Funds. Material encumbrances outstanding at year end, if any, are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, right-of-ways, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Except for roads and bridges constructed prior to October 1, 1981, assets are recorded at historical cost. Roads and bridges constructed prior to October 1, 1981 are reported at estimated historical cost, or not reported. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

The County holds legal title to the capital assets used in the operations of the Board, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Property Appraiser, Supervisor of Elections and Tax Collector, as is accountable for them under Florida Law.

The Sheriff is accountable for and thus maintains capital asset records pertaining only to equipment used in his operations.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County, as well as component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building and improvements	5 - 40
Machinery and equipment	3 - 12
Road and bridge construction	20 - 40

9. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

An acquisition of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period is required to be classified as a Deferred Inflow of Resources under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 65. Deferred Outflows of Resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as expended until then. The County reports deferred inflows and outflows of resources in compliance with GASB 68 that are related to its share of the Florida State Pension System net pension liability.

10. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before using unrestricted net position.

11. Fund balance flow assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balances. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

12. Program revenue

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by given function or segments and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

13. Capitalization of Interest

Interest costs related to bond issues are capitalized during the construction period. These costs are netted against applicable interest earnings on construction fund investments.

14. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues reported in government-wide financial statements represent revenues received, but not earned in accordance with grant or other contractual requirements. These unearned revenues reported in governmental fund financial statements represent amounts which are measurable but not available and, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which they are earned.

15. Accrued Compensated Absences

The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned by the employee. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. The noncurrent portion is the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years. Both the current and noncurrent estimated accrued compensated absences amounts for governmental funds are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentation.

16. Obligation for Bond Arbitrage Rebate

Pursuant to Section 148(f) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, the County must rebate to the United States Government the excess of interest earned from the investment of certain debt proceeds and pledged revenues over the yield rate of the applicable debt. The County uses the "revenue reduction" approach in accounting to rebatable arbitrage. This approach treats excess earnings as a reduction of revenue. The County has no arbitrage liability outstanding as of September 30, 2023.

17. Landfill Closure Costs

Under the terms of current state and federal regulations, the County was required to place a final cover on closed landfill areas, and to perform certain monitoring and maintenance functions for a period of twenty years after closure. The County recognizes these costs of post-closure maintenance annually. Required obligations for closure and post-closure costs are recognized in the Landfill Fund.

18. Capital Contributions

The capital contributions from developers are reported on the statement of activities under capital grants and contributions.

19. Leases

The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of a building and equipment. A lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset are recognized in the government-wide financial statements. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments and is amortized based on the given rate over the remaining term of the lease.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include the determination of the (1) discount rate, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

"Total fund balances" of the County's governmental funds, \$84,188,161, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$149,727,393, reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economical focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet.

Capital related items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of these assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position included those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 341,204,460
Accumulated depreciation	(213,735,349)
Total	\$ 127,469,111

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at September 30, 2023, were:

Notes payable	\$ (13,922,953)
Accrued interest	(19,300)
Accrued compensated absences	(3,379,793)
Leases payable	(3,833,834)
OPEB liability	(207,448)
Net pension liability	(51,123,498)
Total	\$ (72,486,826)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period while deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position in a future period and accordingly, are not reported in the governmental fund statements. However, the statement of net position includes those deferred outflows /inflows of resources.

Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 13,993,636
Deferred inflows of resources	(3,436,689)
	\$ 10,556,947

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

	Go	Total overnmental Funds	Capital Related Items			Long-Term Debt ransactions	Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources			Statement of Net Position		
ASSETS	•	60 450 600			•					60 450 600		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,453,620	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,453,620		
Accounts receivable - net		105,333		-		-		-		105,333		
Due from other funds		7,609,798		-		-		-		7,609,798		
Due from other governmental units		2,801,425		-		-		-		2,801,425		
Investments		23,379,135		-		-		-		23,379,135		
Inventories		58,089		-		-		-		58,089		
Prepaid expense		260,220		-		-		-		260,220		
Other current assets		3,000		· · · ·		-		-		3,000		
Capital assets - net				127,469,111						127,469,111		
Total assets		97,670,620		127,469,111		<u> </u>		-		225,139,731		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_				13,993,636		13,993,636		
LIABILITIES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	2,366,882	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,366,882		
Due to other funds		5,135,294		_		-		-		5,135,294		
Due to other governmental units		208.587		_		_		_		208.587		
Accrued wages		1,854,369		_		-		-		1,854,369		
Deposits		9,939		_		_		_		9,939		
Other current liabilities		33,712		_		-		_		33,712		
Unearned revenues		3,900,068		_		_		_		3,900,068		
Accrued interest		-		_		19,300		_		19,300		
Accrued compensated absences		_		_		3,379,793		_		3,379,793		
Capital leases payable		_		_		533,739		_		533,739		
Leases payable		-		_		3,300,095		-		3,300,095		
Revenue bonds payable		-		_		13,922,953		-		13,922,953		
OPEB liability		_		_		207,448		_		207,448		
County's proportionate share FRS pension plan		_		_		51,123,498		_		51,123,498		
Total liabilities		13,508,851		-		72,486,826		-		85,995,677		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				<u>-</u> ,				3,436,689		3,436,689		
Fund balances/net position	\$	84,161,769	\$	127,469,111	\$	(72,486,826)	\$	10,556,947	\$	149,701,001		

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL

B. Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for governmental funds \$12,072,799 differs from the "change in net positon" for governmental activities (\$4,157,144) reported in the statement of activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year. The statement of activities reports gains or losses arising from the disposition of capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report these gains or losses.

Capital outlay and other additions	\$ 6,699,060
Depreciation expense	(9,413,989)
Other additions and deletions	 (850,075)
Difference	\$ (3,565,004)

Repayments of debt principal are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used. However, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities. Loan proceed and lease financings are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds but are recorded as liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in resources in the statement of activities.

Principal payments	\$ 2,478,445
Lease addtions	(2,933,306)
Lease terminations	844,440
Note financing	(5,665,165)
	\$ (5,275,586)

Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of or provide current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in compensated absences	\$	(346,576)
Net change in accrued interest		55,306
Net change in net pension liability	((10,908,910)
Net change deferred outflows/inflows		3,815,977
Net change in fund balance in OPEB liability		(5,148)
	\$	(7,389,351)

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
B. Explanation of Differences Between Government Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

	Total Governmental	Capital Related	Long-term Debt	Compensated	Accrued	Net Pension	Pension Deferred Outflows/	OPEB Deferred Outflows/	OPEB	Statement of
REVENUES	Funds	Items	Transactions	Absences	Interest	Liability	Inflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources	Liability	Activities
Taxes	\$ 46,602,134	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,602,134
Licenses and permits	12,166,108									12,166,108
Intergovernmental	22,955,109	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	22,955,109
Charges for services	7,988,976	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,988,976
Fines and forfeitures	356,653	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	356,653
Interest	1,757,633	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,757,633
Miscellaneous	1,451,569			_	_					1,451,569
Total revenues	93,278,182			- 			·			93,278,182
15 15					-	-				
EXPENDITURES										
Current Expenditures										
General government	14,510,051	812,266	-	120,102	-	2,035,920	(710,291)	(10,070)	5,148	16,763,126
Public safety	32,349,567	2,929,615	-	123,167	-	2,590,233	(903,682)	-	-	37,088,900
Physical environment	6,100,186	579,619	-	16,643	-	242,589	(84,635)	-	-	6,854,402
Transportation	12,949,723	4,584,219	-	73,838	(55,306)	885,696	(309,002)	-	-	18,129,168
Economic environment	3,356,375	27,259	-	(452)) -	77,591	(27,070)	-	-	3,433,703
Human services	3,675,230	74,568	-	-	-	18,444	(6,435)	-	-	3,761,807
Culture/recreation	2,556,818	-	-	13,278	-	262,003	(91,408)	-	-	2,740,691
Court related	2,287,726	406,443	-	-	-	4,796,434	(1,673,382)	-	-	5,817,221
Capital Outlay										
General government	1,081,114	(1,081,114)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	2,210,536	(2,210,536)		_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Physical environment	98,202	(98,202)		-	-	-		-	-	-
Transportation	2,821,094	(2,821,094)		_	-	_	_	-	_	_
Economic environment	8,290	(8,290)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Human service	18,834	(18,834)		_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Culture/recreation	458,251	(458,251)		_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Court related	2,739	(2,739)		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt Service	2,103	(2,103)								
Principal	2,478,445	_	(2,478,445)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest	376,319		(2,410,443)	_	_					376,319
Total expenditures	87,339,500	2,714,929	(2,478,445)	346,576	(55,306)	10,908,910	(3,805,905)	(10,070)	5,148	94,965,337
rotal experientares	01,003,000	2,114,023	(2,410,440)	040,010	(00,000)	20,300,320	(0,000,000)	(10,010)	0,140	34,300,001
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	5,938,682	(2,714,929)	2,478,445	(346,576)	55,306	(10,908,910)	3,805,905	10,070	(5,148)	(1,687,155)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Gain/loss on disposition of fixed assets	209,120	(840,332)	844,440	_	-	_	_	_	_	213,228
Lease Proceeds	2,933,306	(0.0,002)	(2,933,306)	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Debt proceeds	5,665,165	_	(5,665,165)		_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	36,083,273	_	(0,000,100)	_	_	_	_	_	_	36,083,273
Transfers out	(38,783,139)	(9,743)	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	(38,792,882)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,107,725	(850,075)					· —		· 	(2,496,381)
Net change in fund balances	12,046,407	(3,565,004)	-		55,306	(10,908,910)	3,805,905	10,070	(5,148)	(4,183,536)
=	72,115,362	131,034,115	(12,481,201)				6,827,591	(86,619)	(202,300)	153,884,537
Fund balances at beginning of year					 		\$ 10,633,496			
Fund balances/net position at end of year	\$ 84,161,769	\$ 127,469,111	\$ (17,756,787)	\$ (3,379,793)	\$ (19,300)	\$ (51,123,498)	φ 10,033,496	\$ (76,549)	\$ (207,448)	\$ 149,701,001

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to September 15, the County Manager serving as Budget Officer submits to the Board of County Commissioners a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted by the Board of County Commissioners to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board of County Commissioners.
- 4. The Constitutional Officers submit, at various times, to the Board and to certain divisions within the Department of Revenue, State of Florida, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, as set forth in Chapter 129 of the *Florida Statutes*.
- 5. The Department of Revenue, State of Florida, has the final authority on the operating budgets for the Tax Collector and the Property Appraiser, which are classified as separate special revenue funds.
- 6. The Board of County Commissioners is authorized to amend fixed appropriations by motion to the extent that appropriations do not exceed the total approved budget of the fund; or appropriate for the special purpose intended, reserves or unanticipated receipts. Appropriations lapse at year end. No supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year. Various such amendments were made during the year.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device in all governmental funds.
- 8. Governmental fund budgets are initially adopted on the modified accrual basis. The legally amended budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, are shown on this basis of accounting. Therefore, the actual and budgetary data are on a comparable basis. The Enterprise Funds budgets are adopted on the accrual basis.
- 9. Legal control of the budget is exercised pursuant to applicable provisions of *Florida Statutes*.
- 10. Appropriations for the County lapse at the close of the fiscal year.
- 11. The following is a comparison of the appropriations to total expenses for the proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

	Appropriations		et Acquisitions	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Enterprise funds							
Landfill enterprise							
Expenditures	\$	3,319,846	\$ 3,030,619	\$ 289,227			
Fixed asset acquisition		909,941	759,297	150,644			
	\$	4,229,787	\$ 3,789,916	\$ 439,871			
Utilities			 				
Expenditures	\$	991,504	\$ 1,062,106	\$ (70,602)			
Fixed asset acquisition		27,369,866	15,393,979	11,975,887			
	\$	28,361,370	\$ 16,456,085	\$ 11,905,285			

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The County maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds except those whose cash and investments must be segregated due to bond covenants or other legal restrictions.

1. Deposits

At September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the County's cash deposits was \$ 68,680,545. All cash deposits with financial institutions were 100% insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral provided by qualified public depositories to the State Treasurer pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida. The Act established a Trust Fund, maintained by the State Treasurer, which is a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a member fails.

2. Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the County had the following investments:

	Weighted Average			
Investment	Maturity	Value	Percent	Category
U.S. Treasuries	2.95 Years	\$ 31,509,146	82.27%	N/A
Certificates of Deposit, Money Market	Daily - 3 Years	6,461,486	16.87%	N/A
State Board of Administration Local Government				
Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Florida PRIME	.06 Years	42,124	0.10%	AAAm
Florida Local Government Day to Day Fund	.08 Years	285,073	0.74%	AAAm
Total Investments		\$ 38,297,829	100.00%	

Fair Value Measurement

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of assets, as determined by the County's investment advisors. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The County's fair value measurements for U.S. Treasuries is categorized as Level 2 and are valued by the County's

custodian agency using independent pricing services. The pricing services may use valuation models or matrix pricing, which consider benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, benchmark securities, bids or offers, and reference data. Florida PRIME is valued at amortized cost. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals, however, Florida PRIME may, on the occurrence of an event that has material impact on liquidity or operations, impose restrictions on withdrawals for up to 48 hours. The County's investment in the Florida Trust Day to Day Fund, an external local government investment pool, organized under the laws of the State of Florida, is presented at Net Asset Value (NAV), which reflects fair value. The objectives of the Florida Trust are to generate investment income while maintaining safety and liquidity. There were no unfunded commitments as of September 30, 2023. Investments may be redeemed weekly/daily based on similar investments of other clients.

Credit Risk

The County mitigates credit risk, which is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Florida Statutes, and various bond covenants authorize investments in certificates of deposit, money market accounts and savings accounts provided that any such deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280 Florida Statutes; repurchase agreements guaranteed by the United States Government; the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, obligations by the Florida State Board of Administration, Florida Local Government Investment Trust Fund, obligations of the U.S. Government, obligations of government agencies unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government, obligations of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, including Federal Home Mortgage Corporation participation certificates, obligations of the Federal Home Loan Bank, obligations of the Government National Mortgage Association, obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association and Securities of any management type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. ss. 80a-1 et seq., provided the portfolio is limited to U.S. Government obligations and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations. The Board invested only in these types of instruments during the fiscal year.

Custodial Credit Risk of Deposits

There is a risk that in the event of failure of the depository financial institution, the government will not be able to recover the deposits. All cash resources of the County are placed in banks which are qualified public depositories, as required by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act. Every qualified public depository is required by this law to deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral equal to , or in excess of, an amount to be determined by the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer is required to ensure that the County's funds are entirely collateralized throughout the fiscal year. In the event of failure by a qualified public depository, losses in excess of federal depository insurance and proceed from the sale of securities pledged by the defaulting depository are assessed against the other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default. When other qualified public depositories are assessed additional amounts, they are assessed on a pro-rata basis. The Board's investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415 (18), Florida Statutes requires securities to be registered and shall be held with a third party custodian and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by, the Board shall be held in the name of the Board. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. As of September 30, 2023, the

Board's investment portfolio in U.S. Treasuries, was held by Ramond James, money market funds were held by Millennium Bank and the Florida Trust Day to Day Fund was held by UMB Bank.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's investment policy to minimize interest rate risk is by structuring the investment portfolio so that sufficient investments are readily convertible to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment on a deposit. The County does not hold foreign or foreign currency investments and therefore is not subject to foreign currency risk.

Concentrations of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 40 requires the disclosure of investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments. The County invested funds only in the United States Treasuries and in deposits with banks that pledged sufficient collateral with the State of Florida.

NOTE 5. PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

Taxable values for all property are established as of January 1, which is the date of lien, for the fiscal year starting October 1. Property tax revenues recognized for the 2021-2023 fiscal year were levied in October 2021. All taxes are due and payable on November 1 or as soon as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January, and 1% in February. Taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes become delinquent as of April 1. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via the sale of tax certificates on or prior to June 1; therefore, there were no material taxes receivable at fiscal year end.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Interfund Transfers	• • •		Reclassifications/ Adjustments		,		Balance							
Governmental Activities:													_			
Capital Assets not being depreciated:																
Land	\$ 13,496,856	\$ -	\$	129,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,625,856						
Land Interests	1,519,600	-		-		-		-		1,519,600						
Construction in progress	9,943,067	-		1,412,615		(8,993,861)		-		2,361,821						
Sheriff construction in progress	-			-						-						
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	24,959,523			1,541,615		(8,993,861)		-		17,507,277						
Capital Assets being depreciated:																
Buildings	68,752,494	-		-		148,836		-		68,901,330						
Improvements other than																
buildings	16,950,297	-		92,738		8,845,025		-		25,888,060						
Road Improvements	189,659,187	-		-		-		-		189,659,187						
Equipment	23,780,701	(39,117)		1,066,823		-		(1,661,056)		23,147,351						
Sheriff capital assets	10,812,449	-		1,064,578		-		(639,037)		11,237,990						
Total capital assets being depreciated:	309,955,128	(39,117)		2,224,139		8,993,861		(2,300,093)		318,833,918						
Accumulated depreciation Board	(196,212,047)	29,374		(7,946,817)		_		843.954		(203,285,537)						
Accumulated depreciation Sheriff	(8,942,548)	-		(911,902)		_		615,807		(9,238,643)						
Total accumulated depreciation:	(205,154,595)	29,374	_	(8,858,719)		-		1,459,761		(212,524,180)						
Capital assets being depreciated, net:	\$ 104,800,532	\$ (9,743)	\$	(6,634,580)	\$	8,993,861	\$	(840,332)	\$	106,309,738						

Lease assets, being amortized:		Beginning Balance		ransfers		Additions		ssifications/ ustments		Deletions		Balance
Buildings	\$	1.412.315	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,412,315
Equipment	Ψ	335,589	Ψ	_	۳	2,933,306	Ψ	_	٠	_	Ψ	3,268,895
Sheriff equipment		182,055		_		_,000,000		_		_		182,055
Less accumulated amortization		(655,899)				(555,270)		_		_		(1,211,169)
Total lease assets, being amortized, net:		1,274,060	_			2.378.036						3,652,096
Governmental activities												0,002,000
capital assets, net:	\$	131,034,115	\$	(9,743)	\$	(2,714,929)	\$	-	\$	(840,332)	\$	127,469,111
Business-type activities: Capital Assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	2,087,118	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	2,087,118
Construction in progress		2,483,064		-		15,337,230		-		-		17,820,294
Total capital assets not being depreciated:		4,570,182		-		15,337,230		-		-		19,907,412
Capital Assets being depreciated:												
Equipment		4,822,952		39.117		629,578		-		-		5,491,647
Buildings		639.714		-		_		-		(131,200)		508,514
Improvements		17.987,076		-		-		-		(70,022)		17,917,054
Total capital assets being depreciated:		23,449,742		39,117		629,578		-		(201,222)		23,917,215
Less accumulated depreciation		(14,956,815)		(29,374)		(977,972)		-		201,222		(15,762,939)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net:	-	8,492,927		9,743	-	(348,394)		-	-	-		8,154,276
Lease assets, being amortized:												
Equipment		8,592		-		186,468		-		-		195,060
Less accumulated amortization		(4,791)		-		(11,139)		-		-		(15,930)
Total lease assets, being amortized, net:	-	3,801		-	-	175,329		-		-		179,130
Business-type activities												
capital assets, net:	\$	13,066,910	\$	9,743	\$	15,164,165	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,240,818

Gove	ernmental	activities:
_		

General government	\$ 812,266
Public safety	2,929,615
Physical environment	579,619
Transportation	4,584,219
Economic environment	27,259
Human services	74,568
Court related	406,443
Total deprescation/amortization	\$ 9,413,989

Business- type activities: Landfill enterprise

	,
Total deprescation/amortization	\$ 989,111
Utilities enterprose	 287,719
Landfill enterprise	\$ 701,392

NOTE 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided and reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

	Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables
General fund	\$	6,867,484	\$ -
Special revenue funds:			
Municipal services benefit unit		482,839	-
Economic Development		-	1,536,674
American Rescue Plan		-	3,037,918
American Rescue Plan			
Court Service		11,536	-
Sheriff:			
Operating		3,984	172,258
Sheriff Inmate Welfare		35,037	11
Clerk of Courts:			
Operating		150,020	-
Public records modernization		11,525	-
Teen court		801	-
Supervisor of Elections operating		-	107,548
Tax Collector operating		46,572	205,298
Property Appraiser operating			75,587
Custodial funds:			
Clerk of Circuit Court			
Trust		-	187,515
Jury witness		-	,
Sheriff			
Inmate trust		-	39,009
Individutal depositors			5,996
Tax Collector			
Ad valorem tax		-	46,572
Enterprise Fund:			
Landfill		-	-
Utilities		-	2,195,412
Totals	\$	7,609,798	\$ 7,609,798

The amounts payable to the General Fund include working capital loans to the Utilities Fund of \$1,712,573. None of the balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that state law requires to collect them to the fund that state law requires to expend them, 2) provide matching funds for grants, 3) use unrestricted general fund revenues to finance transportation activities which must be accounted for in another fund, and 4) fund Constitutional Officer operations.

Clerk of Courts Operating Fund \$ 542,084 Property Appraiser Operating Fund 2,028,94 Supervisor of Elections Operating Fund 1,255,499
Supervisor of Elections Operating Fund 1,255,499
01-111 0
Sheriff Operating 19,550,599
Sheriff Contruction 126,89:
Capital Projects Fund 300,940
Utilities Fund 2,049,866
Transfers from the Road Improvement Fund to:
Capital Projects Fund 5,000,000
Transfers from the Jail Construction Fund to:
Capital Projects Fund 600,000
Transfers from the General Capital Projects Fund to:
General Fund 300,000
Transfer from Tourist Development Operating Fund to:
General Fund 310,000
Capital Projects Fund 120,000
Transfer from Municipal Services Fund to:
Capital Projects Fund 1,500,000
Transfer from Economic Development Debt Service Fund to:
Utilities Fund 650,000
Transfers from the Transporatation Fund to:
Capital Projects Fund 4,000,000
Transfers from the Sheriff ESAC Fund to:
Sheriff Contruction 240,019
Transfers from the Tax Collector Operating Fund to:
General Fund 205,298
Transfers from the Paving Assement Fund to:
Transportation Trust 3,000
Total transfers \$ 38,783,139

NOTE 9. RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Accounts Receivable and Due from Other Governmental Units

Receivables for accounts and from other governmental units, at September 30, 2023, were as follows:

			Due from		
			Other		
		Go	vernmental		Total
	 ccounts		Units	F	Receivables
Governmental activities:	_				
General	\$ 359	\$	1,101,549	\$	1,101,908
County transportation trust	-		294,373		294,373
Municipal services	-		14,302		14,302
Economic development	-		72,336		72,336
Sheriff operating	79,573		44,090		123,663
Road improvements	-		133,807		133,807
Other governmental	 25,401		1,140,968		1,166,369
Total governmental activities	\$ 105,333	\$	2,801,425	\$	2,906,758
Business-type activities:					
Landfill enterprise, net	\$ 433,920	\$	-	\$	433,920
Utilities	55,328		3,000		58,328
Landfill enterprise	\$ 489,248	\$	3,000	\$	492,248

The Board, upon past collection experience, considers all of the receivables of governmental activities to be fully collectible and has not recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Payables at September 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Due to						
				Other			
			Gov	ernmental		Total	
		Vendors		Units		Payables	
Governmental activities:							
General	\$	688,418	\$	-	\$	688,418	
County transportation trust		170,746		-		170,746	
Municipal services		227,119		17,129		244,248	
Economic development		73,856		-		73,856	
Sheriff operating		333,435		-		333,435	
Tax collector operating		-		6,262		6,262	
Road improvements		382,692		-		382,692	
Other governmental		490,616		185,196		675,812	
Total governmental activities	\$	2,366,882	\$	208,587	\$	2,575,469	
Business-type activities:							
Landfill enterprise, net	\$	134,178	\$	-	\$	134,178	
Utilities		1,972,333		-		1,972,333	
Landfill enterprise	\$	2,106,511	\$	-	\$	2,106,511	

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

Revenue Notes

A. On July 12, 2016 the County closed on a Gas Tax Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016, totaling \$6,000,000 with Hancock Bank. The purpose of this issuance was to refund debt and to finance certain additional transportation improvements. The first two cents of the County's local option gas tax imposed pursuant to Section 336.025, Florida Statutes, was pledged to secure payment of the principal and interest and is the source of repayment. The note is being repaid over ten years with and interest rate of 1.50%. If default occurred on this note, the pledged collateral would be accessed for repayment. The following is a schedule of future principal and interest to be paid on the note:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	624,000	22,602	646,602
2025	634,000	13,182	647,182
2026	482,000	3,620	485,620
Total	\$ 1,740,000	\$ 39,404	\$ 1,779,404

B. On June 8, 2016 the County closed on a Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016, totaling \$3,515,370 with First Federal Bank. The purpose of this issuance was to refund the County's Revenue Bond Series 2008A. The County's Sales Tax Revenue is pledged to secure the note and is the source of repayment. If default occurred on this note, the pledged collateral would be accessed for repayment. The note is being repaid over ten years with and interest rate of 1.749%. The following is a schedule of future principal and interest to be paid on the note:

September 30	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	 323,871		17,015		340,886
2025	329,623		11,391		341,014
2026	335,426		5,668		341,094
2027	116,203		730		116,933
Total	\$ 1,105,123	\$	34,804	\$	1,139,927

C. On December 15, 2017 the County closed on a Capital Improvement Revenue Note, totaling \$8,060,000 with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. The purpose of this issuance was to finance the cost of capital improvements within the County. The County's Communication Services Tax revenues are pledged to secure the note and are the source of repayment. If default occurred on this note, the pledged collateral would be accessed for repayment. The is being repaid over fifteen years with and interest rate of 2.28%. The balance owed on the note at year end was \$5,412,665. The following is a schedule of future principal and interest to be paid on the note:

2024	516,431	120,483	636,914
2025	528,273	108,641	636,914
2026	540,387	96,527	636,914
2027	552,778	84,136	636,914
2028	565,453	71,461	636,914
2029	578,419	58,495	636,914
2030	591,682	45,232	636,914
2031	605,249	31,665	636,914
2032	619,127	17,787	636,914
2033	314,866	3,589	318,455
Total	\$ 5,412,665	\$ 638,016	\$ 6,050,681

D. On January 24th, 2023 the County closed on Resolution No. 2023-02 Revenue Note, totaling \$5,675,000 with First Federal Bank. The purpose of this issuance was to finance the cost of capital improvements within the County. The County's Non-Ad Valorem revenues are pledged to secure the note and are the source of repayment. If default occurred on this note, the pledged collateral would be accessed for repayment. The is being repaid over fifteen years with and interest rate of 3.95%. The balance owed on the note at year end was \$5,66,165. The following is a schedule of future principal and interest to be paid on the note:

Year Ending								
September 30	Principal		Interest			Total		
2027	\$ 419,423	\$	223,774	_	\$	643,197		
2028	436,324		207,207			643,531		
2029	453,906		189,972			643,878		
2030	472,196		172,043			644,239		
2031	491,224		153,391			644,615		
There after	3,392,092		484,380			3,876,472		
Total	\$ 5,665,165	\$	1,430,767		\$	7,095,932		

Capital Leases

The County has the following installment payment agreements for equipment purchases:

- A. Purchase of four motor graders costing \$913,240. The terms of the agreement call for five annual payments of \$105,020, beginning August 6, 2018, which ended in the year ending September 30, 2023.
- B. Purchase of three motor graders costing \$616,136. The terms of the agreement call for five annual payments of \$77,707, beginning August 9, 2018, which ended in the year

ending September 30, 2023.

C. Purchase of four motor grader costing \$922,361. The terms of the agreement call for five annual payment of \$115,218, beginning August 6, 2019. These payments include interest of 3.5%.

These agreements are collateralized by the related equipment. Equipment purchased with these leases totaled \$2,529,444. Accumulated depreciation on the equipment at September 30, 2023 was \$895,902.

The following is a schedule of the future total minimum lease payments under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at September 30, 2023:

Year Ending			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	93,162	17,015	110,177
2025	96,423	11,391	107,814
2026	344,154	5,668	349,822
Total	\$ 533,739	\$ 34,074	\$ 567,813

B. Business-type Activities

Loan Payable

FDEP - On July 14, 2004, the County entered into a loan agreement , number WW 74202P, with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) for State Revolving Fund financial assistance for a wastewater treatment system at the I-75 exit 80 area (Ellisville). The terms of this agreement call for a total loan amount of \$755,809 and was \$536,867 when fully disbursed. The loan is payable in one initial payment of \$24,345 and thirty-nine subsequent semi-annual payments of \$17,906 including interest at 1.045%, beginning July 15, 2011. At September 30, 2023, the loan balance was \$277,824.

Also, in conjunction with the project, the County entered into an additional loan with the FDEP (loan number DW 120101 in the amount of \$906,797. This loan is payable in forty semi-annual payments of \$43,070 including interest at 2.65%, beginning on January 15, 2011. At September 30, 2023, the balance of the loan was \$174,834.

In the 2011 fiscal year, the County received an additional loan from FDEP (loan number DW 120400) in the amount of \$1,360,903, of which \$1,156,768 in principal was forgiven. This loan is payable in forty semi-annual payments of \$6,784 including interest at 2.71%, beginning August 15, 2011. At September 30, 2023, the balance of the loan was \$91,267.

All of these loans are subject to future amendments as to principal amounts, and semi-annual payment amounts and payment inception dates. The following is a schedule of loan payments required under the agreements. Payments are made from associated fund revenue.

The loans are secured by the revenues generated by the projects. In the event of default, the State may by action or suit require a full accounting, apply to a court of competent jurisdiction to appoint

a receiver, sue for payment of amounts due, intercept the delinquent amount plus a penalty from unobligated funds due to the County under any revenue or tax sharing fund (except as provided by the State Constitution), and impose a penalty, accelerate repayment or increase the financing rate.

The following is a schedule of the balances due on these loans at September 30, 2023:

Year Ending		DEP		DEP		DEP				
September 30	DW	120400	W	/W74202	D	W12101	11	NTEREST		TOTAL
2024		10,982		30,846		23,286		10,170		75,284
2025		11,282		31,488		24,271		8,252		75,293
2026		11,746		32,143		24,922		6,961		75,772
2027		12,067		32,812		25,590		5,638		76,107
2028		12,396		33,495		26,277		4,964		77,132
THEREAFTER		32,491		114,193		54,888		6,503		208,075
Total	\$	90,964	\$	274,977	\$	179,234	\$	42,488	;	\$ 587,663

D. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

		Prior Year Balance		Additions		Deletions	Er	Current Year nding Balance		Oue Within One Year	Ir	ccrued nterest ayable
Governmental activities:												
Direct Borrowings:												
Hancock Bank Gas Tax Revenue Note Series 2016	5 \$	2,355,000	\$	-	\$	(615,000)	\$	1,740,000	\$	624,000	\$	-
First Federal Bank Revenue Note Series 2016		1,425,613		-		(320,490)		1,105,123		323,871		-
Chase Bank Revenue Note		5,917,520		-		(504,855)		5,412,665		516,431		-
First Federal Bank Revenue Note Series 2023				5,665,165				5,665,165		-		
		9,698,133		5,665,165		(1,440,345)		13,922,953		1,464,302		
Capital Leases Payable:												
Ring Investments Y9C00254		157,541		-		(24,106)		133,435		24,106		4,825
Ring Investments Y9C00263		157,540		-		(24,106)		133,434		24,106		4,825
Ring Investments Y9C00264		157,541		-		(24,106)		133,435		24,106		4,825
Ring Investments Y9C00265		157,541		-		(24,106)		133,435		24,106		4,825
Beard Equipment Co. 620GXT84108		122,039		-		(122,039)		-		-		-
Beard Equipment Co. 620GXT81416		122,039		-		(122,039)		-		-		-
John Deere Financial 620G 689381		122,039		-		(122,039)		-		-		-
John Deere Financial 620G 689381		119,581		-		(119,581)		-		-		-
John Deere Financial 620G 689588		119,580		-		(119,580)		-		-		-
John Deere Financial 620G 689278		119,581		-		(119,581)		-		-		-
John Deere Financial 620G 689383		119,581				(119,581)						
		1,474,603				(940,864)		533,739		96,424		19,300
Leases liabiliteis		1,308,465		2,933,306		(941,676)		3,300,095		517,239		19,300
Other Liabilities:												
Compensated Absences		3,033,217		346,576		-		3,379,793		506,969		-
Net pension liability		40,214,588		10,908,910		-		51,123,498		-		-
OPEB Liability		202,300			_	5,148		207,448				
	\$	55,931,306	\$	19,853,957	\$	(3,317,737)	\$	72,467,526	\$	2,584,934	\$	19,300
BUSINESS ACTIVITIES Direct Borrowings: Loan agreements payable												
Department of Environmental Regulation	\$	582.490	\$	_	\$	(37,315)	\$	545,175	\$	52,674	\$	2.643
Other Liabilities	Ψ_	302,430	Ψ_		Ψ	(31,313)	Ψ_	343,113	Ψ_	32,014	Ψ	2,043
Leases liabiliteis		3,946		186,468		(14,567)		177,552		26,633		_
Compensated Absences		112,325		21,613		(14,001)		133,938		20,033		_
Estimated liability for landfill closure		10,968,694		3,540,164		_		14,508,858				
Net pension liability		692,165		403,588		_		1,095,753		_		_
- · p - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11,777,130		3,965,365	_	(14,567)		15,916,101		46,724		
	\$	12,359,620	\$	3,965,365	\$	(51,882)	\$	16,461,276	\$	99,398	\$	2,643

NOTE 11. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure.

Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

\$14,508,858 is reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at September 30, 2023, represents the cumulative amount reported to date for landfills with remaining lives of 8 to 15 years. The post closure liability is based upon estimated useage and capacity of the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and annual postclosure care in 2023. Actual cost may be higher because of inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to an escrow account to finance closure. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at September 30, 2023, restricted cash and investments of \$14,876,594 are held for its purpose. Subsequent to year end the County deposited funds to increase the restricted cash escrow to the amount required. The County expects future inflation costs to be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (because of changes in technology or applicable laws and regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from other future revenues of the County.

NOTE 12. OPERATING LEASES

The County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases in the current year. The County leases office space and equipment under various long-term operating lease commitments that qualify as long-term lease agreements. These agreements qualify as intangible, right-to-use assets and not financed purchases, as the County and Officers of the County will not own the assets at the end of the contract term and the noncancelable term of the agreements surpass one year. A summary of the nature of the assets, length of terms and the value of the assets acquired at September 30, follows:

		Initial Lease	Accumulated	Value of Right	
Asset Type	Lease Term	Liability	Amortization	to Use Asset	
Building	120 months	\$ 1,412,315	\$ 494,310	\$ 918,005	
Equipment	48-72 months	3,646,010	732,789	2,913,221	
		\$ 5,058,325	\$ 1,227,099	\$ 3,831,226	

The net present value of future minimum payments required by the lease agreements as of September 30, 2023 was as follows:

 Interest		Principal
\$ 215,642	•	766,200
173,520		753,977
131,028		722,144
86,315		710,496
16,720		382,056
 2,541		142,774
\$ 82,831	•	\$ 3,477,647
	\$ 215,642 173,520 131,028 86,315 16,720 2,541	\$ 215,642 173,520 131,028 86,315 16,720 2,541

NOTE 13. RETIREMENT PLANS

Florida Retirement System:

General Information - All of the County's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with

25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement. In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants

Contributions – Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2023 and from July 1, 2023 through September 30, 2023, respectively were as follows:

	October 1 ,2022	July 1, 2023
Class	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023
Regular Class	11.91%	13.57%
Special Risk Class	27.83%	32.67%
Special Risk Administrative Support Class	38.65%	39.82%
Elected County Officers Class	57.00%	62.72%
Senior Management Service Class	31.57%	34.52%
Deferred Retirement Option Program	18.60%	21.13%

These employer contribution rates include 1.66% and 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the periods October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2023 and from July 1, 2023 through September 30, 2023, respectively.

The County's contributions to the Pension Plan totaled \$4,866,810 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$40,312,064 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2022-23 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2021-22 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportionate share was 0.101167544%, which was a increase of 0.010291294% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$2,742,338. In addition the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description		erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	3,784,955	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions		2,627,875		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on Pension Plan investments		1,683,541		-	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between County Pension Plan contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		3,126,068		(2,032,713)	
County Pension Plan contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		1,342,210		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	12,564,649	\$	(2,032,713)	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$1,342,210 resulting from County contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

September 30

2024	\$ 1,252,442
2025	(496,212)
2026	7,515,227
2027	713,884
2028	204,385
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 9,189,726

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation and Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates for a given plan year

are calculated in the valuation conducted as of the beginning of the preceding plan year (e.g. rates for the 2023-2024 plan year are

calculated in the 7/1/2023 actuarial valuation)

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age

Level percent of level dollar Level percent
Closed, open or layered periods Closed, layered

Amortization period Effective July 1, 2021: New bases are amortized over 20 years

Bases established prior to July 1, 2021: amortized over maximum of

20 years.

2019 actuarial cost method change

Payroll growth rate

Amortized over 30 years as level percentage of Tier I pay

3.25%

Asset Valuation Method

Smoothing period 5 years
Recognition method Asymptotic

Corridor 80% - 120% of fair market value

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases Varies by membership class and length of service; details in funding

actuarial valuation report

Investment Rate of Return 6.70%

Cost of Living Adjustments 3% for pre-July 2011 benefit service; 0% thereafter

Retirement Age Varies by tier, membership class, age and sex; details in funding

actuarial valuation report

Turnover Varies by membership class, length of service, age and sex; details in

funding actuarial valuation report

Mortality PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected

generally with Scale MP-2018, details in funding actuarial

valuation report

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the July1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 experience observation period.

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023
Discount Rate	6.80%	6.70%
Long-term expected rate of return net of investment expense	6.80%	6.70%
Municipal bond rates	NA	NA
Valuation Date	July 1, 2022	July 1, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Mortality	PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018	PUB-2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

The following change in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2023:

FRS: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 6.80% to 6.70%.

The table below contains a summary of return assumptions for various asset classes based on the long-term target asset allocation. The six specific asset classes displayed are per system request and are summarized results of a more detailed market outlook model with additional asset classes. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying real return assumptions and includes an adjustment for the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference's 2.4% inflation assumption. The assumptions are not based on historical returns, by instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	Annual
	Policy	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation*	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash Equivalents	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed Income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
	100.0%			
Assumed inflation-mean			2.4%	1.3%

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.70%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.70%) or one percentage point higher (7.70%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease	Di	Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	(5.70%)		(6.70%)		(7.70%)	
County's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$ 68,861,214	\$	40,312,064	\$	16,427,284	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At September 30, 2023, the County reported a payable in the amount of \$87,509 for outstanding contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

HIS Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered

retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2023 and from July 1, 2023 through September 30, 2023 was 1.66% and 1.66%, respectively. The County contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contribution are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The County's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$468,636 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$11,907,186 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2022-23 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2021-22 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportionate share was 0.074975982%, which was an increase of 0.00800303% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the County recognized HIS pension expense of \$493,205. In addition the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred in flows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 174,313	\$ (27,948)
Changes in assumptions	313,036	(1,031,798)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS Plan investments	6,149	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County HIS Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,055,327	(305,267)
County HIS Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	145,661	-
Total	\$ 1,694,486	\$ (1,365,013)

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$115,217 resulting from County contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
September 30	
2024	\$ 32,116
2025	19,472
2026	32,398
2027	63,547
2028	33,661
Thereafter	2,617
	\$ 183,811

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 %
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation

3.54% Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 base table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed in 2019, for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The following changes to assumptions occurred in the 2023 fiscal year:

HIS: The demographic assumptions for the Special Risk class were updated to reflect plan changes due HB007, HB689, and SB838.

HIS: The election assumption for vested terminated members was updated from 20% to 50% to reflect recent experience.

HIS: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was increased from 3.54% to 3.65%.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.65%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.65%) or one percentage point higher (4.65%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	D	Discount Rate		1% Increase
	2.65		3.65		4.65
County's proportionate share of the			_		
net pension liability	\$ 13,584,241	\$	11,907,186	\$	10,517,020

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At September 30, 2023, the County reported a payable in the amount of \$28,246 for outstanding contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2021-22 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 7.95%, Special Risk class 14.00%, Senior Management Service class 7.67% and County Elected Officers class 11.34%. Each of these members classes pay 3% of the contribution.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The County had no pension expense for the Investment Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

NOTE 14. FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of September 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of County Commissioners (BCC). The BCC is the highest level of decision making authority for the County. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the BCC.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under current practices, the assignment of amounts for specific purposes is approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Fund balances designations are as follows:

	Commi	tted	Assigned	signed Restricted		Nonspendable		Unassigned	
General Fund:									
Southside Recreation Center		-	270,022		-		-	-	
Utilities fund advance		-	-		-		1,712,573	-	
Vessel registration fees		-	-		147,236		-	-	
Undesignated		-						24,950,106	
	\$	-	\$ 270,022	\$	147,236	\$	1,712,573	\$24,950,106	
Other governmental funds:									
Board of County Commissioners									
American Rescue Plan Act	\$	-	\$ -	\$	679,661	\$	-	\$ -	
Capital Projects - County Facilities		-	15,999,216		-		-	-	
Community Development Block Grant		-	-		(33,057)		-	-	
County Transportation Trust		-	-	:	11,178,171		318,309	-	
Court Reporters		-	-		113,244		-	-	
Court Services		-	-		824,934		-	-	
Economic Development		-	2,668,792		-		-	-	
Impact Fees		-	-		324,108		-	-	
Law Enforcement Special		-	-		24,928		-	-	
Library Enhancement Grant		-	-		1,842,263		-	-	
Municipal Services Benefit Unit		-	-		5,366,027		482,839	-	
Jail Construction		-	169,597		-		-	-	
Paving Assessments		-	-		214,782		-	-	
Road Improvement		-	7,052,975		-		-	-	
Jail Debt Service		-	· · · · · -		814,580		-	_	
Road Improvement Debt Service		-	_		231,885		-	_	
Sheriff EAC		-	_		21,586		-	_	
SHIP		-	_		921,623		-	-	
Tourist Development Tax		-	_		3,940,729		-	_	
Clerk of Courts									
Public Records Modernization Trust		_	-		392,698		_	_	
Teen Court		_	-		33,446		_	_	
Sheriff					*				
Work Program		-	_		13,020		-	-	
Forfeiture		-	_		33,486		-	_	
Inmate Welfare		_	-		1,115,955		_	_	
Minimum Standards School		-	_		20,050		-	_	
Construction		-	-		2,315,985		-	-	
Total other governmental funds		-	 25,890,580	- ;	30,390,104		801,148		
Total	\$		\$ 26,160,602	\$:	30,537,340	\$	2,513,721	\$24,950,106	

Fund Balance Policy

The County has adopted a fund balance policy to maintain targeted levels of fund balance for all governmental funds. For the General Fund, the County's policy is to maintain a minimum level of unrestricted fund balance (the sum of the assigned and unassigned components of fund balance). The target level is no less than 25% and no more than 30% of General Fund annual expenditures.

For special revenue funds, there are typically no requirements for a specific reservation of fund balance but the County uses several special revenue funds as special operating funds for specific programs such as the Transportation Trust Fund and Municipal Services Fund. For these special revenue operating funds, the County has established a minimum level of fund balance. Such funds should maintain no less than 20% and no more that 30% of the fund specific annual expenditures.

In addition to minimum fund balance levels for the General Fund and major special revenue operating funds, the County also established a minimum level of fund balance for all other funds (including enterprise funds) similar to the above requirements.

Replenishment of Fund Balance Deficits

Each year during the budget process, fund balance levels are reviewed and compared to the targeted levels established in the fund balance policy. In the event fund balance levels fall below the targeted levels or, have not been met, a designated amount shall be set aside each year to fund balance so that the targeted amounts will be restored.

Utilization of Fund Balance

The County may approve, in its annual budgeting process, the use of fund balance either for specifically identified needs or as a designated reserve. The Board must always approve the use of designated reserves. In the event that targeted fund balance levels are met, the Board may approve the use of any excess for any lawful purpose. The Board may also establish additional reserves or designations of fund balance as may be needed such as a Disaster Contingency Reserve.

NOTE 15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grants – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state and federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

Litigation – The County is defendant in various pending or threatened litigation. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

COVID - In March 2020, the World Health Organization made the assessment that the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was characterized as a pandemic. As a result, uncertainties have arisen that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the County. The occurrence and extent of such an impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) government quarantine measures, (iii) voluntary and precautionary restrictions on travel and meeting, (iv) the effects on the financial markets, and (v) the effects on the economy overall, all of which are uncertain.

NOTE 16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County participates in various public entity risk pools for certain of its insurance coverages. Under these insurance risk pools, the County's entity risk pool pays annual premiums to the pools for its insurance coverages. The agreements for formation of the pools provide that the pools will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specific amounts.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The pooling agreements allow for the pools to make additional assessments to make the pools self-sustaining. It is not possible to estimate either the amount of such additional assessments, which might have to be paid by the County or the losses which might have to be borne by the County.

The Sheriff is a member of Florida Sheriffs' Self-Insurance Fund, which administers insurance activities relating to property and general liability; Florida Sheriffs' Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund, which administers workers' compensation insurance; and Sheriffs' .Automobile Risk Program which administers automobile liability and physical damage insurance. Those funds and program absorb losses up to a specified amount annually and purchase excess coverage from third-party carriers. Each member is assessed his/her pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operation expenses. Losses, if any, in excess of the fund or program ability to assess its members, would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

The Sheriff is a member of the Florida Sheriffs Multiple Employers Trust Consortium, which is a self-funded healthcare pool. The funds contributed in the form of premiums and that of the program absorb losses up to a specified amount annually and purchases excess coverage from third-party carriers. Each member is assessed his/her pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operation expenses. Losses, if any, in excess of the fund or program ability to assess its members, would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

NOTE 17. TAX ABATEMENT

Pursuant to section 196.995(5) Florida Statures, the County enters into ad valorem property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for the purpose of economic development in the County. In order to be eligible, the recipient must provide a positive economic impact on the County by job creation, property development or other benefit as determined by the County. Tax rebates are given to the recipients only upon performance of the agreement terms by the recipients. The amounts of the rebates are defined in the agreements. In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, \$261,107 was rebated to recipients that provided property development in the County.

NOTE 18. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

During the year, the County had in progress several construction projects including road improvements and facilities renovations. At year end, the significant portion of these related construction commitments were completed and existing funds had been earmarked for any incomplete projects.

NOTE 20. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The County is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees, whether the premiums are paid by the County or the retiree. Participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retirees are receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the county younger and statistically healthier active employees. GASB Statement 45 requires governments to report this cost and related liability in its financial statements.

PLAN PROVISIONS

Columbia County, Florida administers its own post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan for medical benefits that are provided to Columbia County retirees. All full-time employees of Columbia County who satisfy the Disability, Early, or Normal Retirement provisions of their retirement plan may be eligible for certain post-employment benefits.

- General employees must meet the eligibility requirements for retirement under the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Regular Class.
- Fire employees must meet the eligibility requirements for retirement under the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Special Risk Class.

Participants are allowed access to the plan if the employee retires with an immediate benefit from the Florida Retirement System.

Surviving spouses and dependents are allowed access to the plan until they reach age 65.

All participants must pay 100% of their premium (implicit subsidy only).

The County has not set up a trust to prefund benefits. The County will pay benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The following table summarizes the counts, ages and coverage as of October 1, 2023 for those currently enrolled in the plan.

(1)	Number of Participants					
	(a)	Active Employees	215			
	(b)	Retirees (Pre-Medicare)	4			
(2)	Acti	ve Statistics				
	(a)	Average age	44.98			
	(b)	Average Service	8.99			
(3)	Inac	tive Statistics				
	(a)	Average age (Pre-Medicare)	64.47			

SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS USED TO MEASURE THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The total OPEB liability is based on October 1, 2023 valuation data. The methods, assumptions, participant data, and plan provisions are as detailed in the September 30, 2023 actuarial valuation report dated January 17, 2023.

ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS

The medical trend assumption was developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model baseline assumptions. The SOA Model 2023 which was used in the current year valuation used the following assumptions:

Rate of inflation	2.5%
Rate of Growth in Real Income / GDP per capita	1.4%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.0%
Expected Health Share of GDP in 2031	19.0%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	20.0%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GNP Growth	2075

DEMOGRAPHIC ASSUMPTIONS

General employees participate in either the Tier 1 or Tier 2 Regular Class Employees under the Florida State Retirement System Pension Plan. Fire employees participate in the Special Risk Class Employees under the Florida State Retirement System Pension Plan. Demographic assumptions mirror those used in the FRS Pension Plan.

DISCOUNT RATE ASSUMPTION

The discount rate used to determine the liabilities under GASB 75 depends upon the County's funding policy. The discount rate for governments that do not prefund benefits is based on 20-year general obligation bonds(GO bond) rates. The discount rate assumption for disclosure purposes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 is 4.40%, the 20-year GO bond index for September 30, 2023.

VALUATION METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Cost Method:

The valuation uses the entry age normal funding method calculated on an individual basis with level percentage of pay.

Election Rate:

20% of eligible participants are assumed to continue coverage upon decrement.

Interest Rate Assumption:

The interest rate is based on the 20-year GO Bond index of 4.40% as of September 30, 2020.

Coverage Status and Age of Spouse:

Actual coverage status is used; females assumed 3 years younger than male spouse.

TREND ASSUMPTION

All plan premiums and benefit costs are assumed to increase annually at the following rates

TREND ASSUMPTIONS	Plan premium a	nd Benefit Costs
	Year	Increase Rate
	2022	6.00%
	2023	5.80%
	2030	5.01%
	2040	4.81%
	2050	4.64%
	2060	4.54%
	2070	4.20%
	2075+	3.94%

DECREMENT ASSUMPTIONS

Below is a summary of decrements used in the valuation. Mortality Decrements

(1)	Healthy Active	Regular, male and female: Pub-2010 General Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
		Special Risk, male and female: Pub-2010 Safety Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
(2)	Healthy Inactive	Regular, male and female: Pub-2010 General Retirees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
		Special Risk, male and female: Pub-2010 Safety Retirees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
(2)	Disabled	Regular, male and female: Pub-2010 General Disabled Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale
		Special Risk, male and female: Pub-2010 Safety Disabled Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP2020 Mortality Improvement Scale

CLAIMS ASSUMPTION

The plan is fully insured. To determine the assumed cost and the retiree contributions, 2023 premium rates were weighted by the enrollment at September 30, 2023.

Gross claims are equal to the age adjusted assumed cost. The cost for participants with dependent coverage is assumed to be 181% of the cost of individual coverage. The following chart shows the total costs including both, medical and prescription drug as well as the assumed costs:

ASSUMED CLAIMS COSTS

1 Total Costs	
a. Under 50	\$8,218
b. Age 50-54	\$10,183
c. Age 50-59	\$12,428
d. Age 60-64	\$15,263
e. Age 65-Older	N/A
2 Assumed Costs	
Pre-Medicare	\$ 9,209
Medicare Age	N/A

CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

		Plan	
	Total OPEB	Fiduciary Net	Net OPEB
	Liability	Position	Liability
Balance as of September 30, 2022	\$ 202,300	\$ -	\$ 202,300
Change for the Year			
Service Cost	18,358	-	18,358
Interest	8,513	-	8,513
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Experience Losses/Gains	-	-	-
Trust Contribution - Employer	-	17,668	17,668
Net Investment Income	-	-	-
Changes in Assumptions	(4,055)	-	(4,055)
Benefit Payments (Net of Retiree Contributions)	(17,668)	(17,668)	(35,336)
Administrative Expense	-	-	-
Net Changes	5,148	-	5,148
Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$ 207,448	\$ -	\$ 207,448

OPEB EXPENSE

1.	Service Cost	\$ 18,358
2.	Interest	8,513
3.	Projected Earnings on OPEB Trust	-
4.	OPEB Administrative Expense	-
5.	Changes in Benefit Terms	-
6.	Differences Between Expected and Actual Earnings	
	In Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year	-
	From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	-
	Total	-
7.	Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	
	In Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year	-
	From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	(4,810)
	Total	(4,810)
8	Changes in Assumptions	
	In Current Fiscal Year Recognized in Current Year	(676)
	From Past Years Recognized in Current Year	(8,639)
	Total	(9,315)
9.	Total OPEB Expense	\$ 12,746

The following table presents Columbia County, Florida's Total and Net OPEB liability. It also shows the net liability if it is calculated using a discount rate that is 1% higher or 1% lower.

	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Discount Rate		3.63%	4.63%	5.63%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	225,334	\$207,448	\$ 190,381
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	225,334	\$207,448	\$ 190,381

Also presented is the Total and Net OPEB liability if it is calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher.

	1%	Decrease	Medical Trend	1% Increase
Ultimate Trend		2.94%	3.94%	4.94%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	176,059	\$207,448	\$ 245,955
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	176,059	\$207,448	\$ 245,955

<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB</u>

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the County recognized an OPEB expense of \$12,749. At September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 24,634	\$ 68,511
Changes in assumptions	9,076	41,748
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-	-
on OPEB plan investments		
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	N/A	
Total	\$ 33,710	\$ 110,259

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan will be recognized in expense as follows:

	Measurement	Earnings
Fiscal Year Ended September 30:	Date	(Inflow)/Outflow
2023	9/30/2024	\$ (14,126)
2024	9/30/2025	(13,213)
2025	9/30/2026	(23,831)
2026	9/30/2027	(24,704)
2027	9/30/2028	(675)
Thereafter	9/30/2028 and after	-

Changes in Assumptions:

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 changes in assumptions were:

	Fiscal Year Ended	
	2022	2023
Economic Assumptions:		
Rate of Growth in Real Income / GDP per capit	1.5%	1.4%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.1%	1.0%
Expected Health Share of GDP in 2031	20.0%	19.0%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.0%	20.0%
Discount Rate Assumptions:	4.40%	4.6%
Interest Rate Assumption;	4.40%	4.6%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 32,677,013	\$ 32,677,013	\$ 32,518,413	\$ (158,600)
Licenses, permits, special assessments	20,000	20,000	90,650	70,650
Intergovernmental	7,266,192	7,266,192	9,770,665	2,504,473
Charges for services	1,595,565	1,595,565	2,900,919	1,305,354
Fines and forfeitures	309,500	309,500	147,430	(162,070)
Interest	172,834	172,834	642,089	469,255
Miscellaneous	122,000	122,000	445,681	323,681
Total revenues	42,163,104	42,163,104	46,515,847	4,352,743
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
General government	10,384,660	10,384,660	7,864,820	2,519,840
Public safety	4,000,902	4,000,902	4,223,982	(223,080)
Physical environment	2,291,345	2,291,345	1,899,851	391,494
Economic environment	256,120	256,120	228,565	27,555
Human services	4,033,507	4,033,507	3,675,230	358,277
Culture/recreation	706,494	706,494	689,288	17,206
Capital outlay:				
General government	21,326	821,326	919,514	(98,188)
Public safety	636,695	636,695	629,679	7,016
Physical environment	138,553	138,553	98,202	40,351
Human services	-	-	-	-
Culture/recreation	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	207,380	(207,380)
Interest		<u>-</u> _	9,654	(9,654)
Total expenditures	22,469,602	23,269,602	20,446,165	2,823,437
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	19,693,502	18,893,502	26,069,682	7,176,180
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	-
Leases proceeds	-	-	823,001	823,001
Transfers in	2,009,866	2,009,866	815,298	(1,194,568)
Transfers out	(25,381,733)	(33,262,458)	(25,854,822)	7,407,636
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,371,867)	(31,252,592)	(24,216,523)	7,036,069
Net change in fund balance	(3,678,365)	(12,359,090)	1,853,159	14,212,249
Fund balance, beginning of year	25,226,778	25,226,778	25,226,778	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 21,548,413	\$ 12,867,688	\$ 27,079,937	\$ 14,212,249

COUNTY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 7,920,000	\$ 7,920,000	\$ 7,772,694	\$ (147,306)
Intergovernmental	5,314,000	5,314,000	4,906,323	(407,677)
Charges for services	144,000	144,000	2,785	(141,215)
Interest	75,000	75,000	170,821	95,821
Miscellaneous	27,000	27,000	305,331	278,331
Total revenues	13,480,000	13,480,000	13,157,954	(322,046)
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
Transportation	15,779,312	15,779,312	10,707,168	5,072,144
Capital outlay:				
Transportation	702,649	702,649	530,329	172,320
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	726,752	(726,752)
Interest			12,344	(12,344)
Total expenditures	16,481,961	16,481,961	11,976,593	4,505,368
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	(3,001,961)	(3,001,961)	1,181,361	4,183,322
Other Financing Sources				
Lease proceeds	-	-	2,110,304	2,110,304
Transfers in	-	-	3,000	3,000
Transfers out	-	-	(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)
Total other financing sources			(1,886,696)	(1,886,696)
Net change in fund balance	(3,001,961)	(3,001,961)	(705,335)	2,296,626
Fund balance, beginning of year	12,201,814	12,201,814	12,201,814	_
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 9,199,853	\$ 9,199,853	\$ 11,496,479	\$ 2,296,626

MUNICIPAL SERVICES FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 968,000	\$ 968,000	\$ 849,534	\$ (118,466)
Licenses, permits and assessments	12,492,200	12,492,200	12,069,770	(422,430)
Intergovernmental	256,250	256,250	435,821	179,571
Charges for services	10,000	10,000	305,554	295,554
Interest	35,000	35,000	170,071	135,071
Miscellaneous	44,600	44,600	113,399	68,799
Total revenues	13,806,050	13,806,050	13,944,149	138,099
EXPENDITURES Current operating:				
General government	57,898	57,898	37,898	20,000
Public safety	8,483,158	8,483,158	8,150,660	332,498
Physical environment	4,082,673	4,082,673	4,200,335	(117,662)
Economic environment	18,975	18,975	24,829	(5,854)
Capital outlay:				
Public safety	120,000	120,000	311,054	(191,054)
Debt service:				
Principal	312,885	312,885	326,832	(13,947)
Interest	27,974	27,974	27,119	855
Total expenditures	13,103,563	13,103,563	13,078,727	24,836
Excess of revenues over expenditure	702,487	702,487	865,422	162,935
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of fixed assets	-	-	_	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	
= , , , , ,		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balance	(797,513)	(797,513)	(634,578)	162,935
Fund balance, beginning of year	6,483,444	6,483,444	6,483,444	· -
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,685,931	\$ 5,685,931	\$ 5,848,866	\$ 162,935

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

						Va	ariance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amou	ınts				Positive
	 Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,425,000	\$	1,425,000	\$	1,748,452	\$	323,452
Interest	20,000		20,000		87,994		67,994
Miscellaneous	 		-		-		-
Total revenues	 1,445,000		1,445,000		1,836,446		391,446
EXPENDITURES							
Current expenditures							
Economic environment	1,151,556		1,151,556		1,229,302		(77,746)
Capital outlay							
Economic environment	-		-		-		-
Debt service							
Principal	-		-		-		-
Interest	-		<u>-</u>				
Total expenditures	 1,151,556		1,151,556		1,229,302		(77,746)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditure	 293,444		293,444		607,144		313,700
Other financing sources (uses)							
Interfund transfers in	-		-		-		-
Interfund transfers out	(650,000)		(650,000)		(650,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(650,000)	-	(650,000)		(650,000)		-
Net change in fund balance	(356,556)		(356,556)		(42,856)		313,700
Fund balance beginning of year	 2,711,648		2,711,648		2,711,648		
Fund balance end of year	\$ 2,355,092	\$	2,355,092	\$	2,668,792	\$	313,700
See notes to financial statements.							

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	_	ted Amounts al and Final		Actual Amounts		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	000 000	•	500.000	•	000 000
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	280,000	\$	500,000 166,031	\$	220,000 166,031
Total revenues		280,000		666,031		386,031
EXPENDITURES						
Current operating:						
Capital outlay:						
Physical Environment		250,000		<u>-</u>		250,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		30,000	-	666,031		636,031
Other financing sources (uses)						
Interfund transfers out		(10,000,000)		-		10,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,000,000)		-		10,000,000
Net change in fund balances		(9,970,000)		666,031		10,636,031
Fund balances beginning of year		13,630		13,630		-
Fund balances end of year	\$	(9,956,370)	\$	679,661	\$	10,636,031
See notes to financial statements.						

SHERIFF OPERATING FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 276,439	\$ 276,439
Charges for services	-	-	198,343	198,343
Interest	-	-	25,772	25,772
Miscellaneous	-	-	385,815	385,815
Total revenues	-		886,369	886,369
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
Public safety - corrections	5,877,520	5,879,020	5,856,481	22,539
Public safety - law enforcement	12,983,558	13,194,253	13,660,708	(466,455)
Capital outlay:				, , ,
Public safety	636,695	615,584	868,310	(252,726)
Debt service:				
Principal	34,000	34,000	51,469	(17,469)
Interest	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	19,531,773	19,722,857	20,436,968	(714,111)
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	(19,531,773)	(19,722,857)	(19,550,599)	172,258
Other Financing Sources				
Lease financings	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	19,531,773	19,722,857	19,550,599	(172,258)
Total other financing sources	19,531,773	19,722,857	19,550,599	(172,258)
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	- , , ,	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	_	_	_
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
· •				

ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,311,011	\$ (188,989)
Intergovernmental	-	-	1,402,399	1,402,399
Interest			222,142	222,142
Total revenues	1,500,000	1,500,000	2,935,552	1,435,552
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating:				
Transportation	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,239,386	760,614
Capital outlay:				
Transportation	-	-	169,915	(169,915)
Total expenditures	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,409,301	590,699
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	526,251	2,026,251
Net change in fund balance	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	526,251	2,026,251
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)	
Net change in fund balances	(6,500,000)	(6,500,000)	(4,473,749)	2,026,251
Fund balance, beginning of year	11,526,724	11,526,724	11,526,724	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,026,724	\$ 5,026,724	\$ 7,052,975	\$ 2,026,251

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportionate share of the net pension										
llability Retirement	0.090876%	0.090876%	0.090696%	0.097095%	.1012%	0.1020%	0.1011%	0.1031%	0.0980%	0.0918%
Health insurance subsidy	0.066973%	0.066973%	0.065917%	0.066285%	.0680%	0.0681%	0.0675%	0.0675%	0.0672%	0.0675%
County's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability										
Retirement	\$ 40,312,064	\$ 33,813,268	\$ 6,851,019	\$ 42,082,500	\$ 34,851,421	\$ 30,727,794	\$ 29,895,132	\$ 26,020,964	\$ 12,652,261	\$ 6,073,497
Health insurance subsidy	11,907,186	7,093,484	8,085,663	8,093,297	7,612,524	7,203,408	7,214,936	7,861,195	6,853,010	5,603,796
Total	\$ 52,219,250	\$ 40,906,752	\$ 14,936,682	\$ 50,175,797	\$ 42,463,945	\$ 37,931,202	\$ 37,110,068	\$ 33,882,159	\$ 19,505,271	\$11,677,293
County's covered payroll	\$ 27,335,399	\$ 25,856,199	\$ 24,376,999	\$ 23,749,810	\$ 23,136,187	\$ 22,508,514	\$ 22,085,094	\$ 21,502,670	\$ 21,254,324	\$ 20,866,802
County's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability as a percentage of										
its covered employee payroli	191.03%	158.21%	61.27%	211.27%	183.54%	168.52%	168.03%	157.57%	91.77%	55.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the										
total pension liability										
Retirement	82.38%	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%
Health insurance subsidy	4.12%	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS September 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contributions										
Pension plan	\$ 5,360,015	\$ 4,484,492	\$ 3,830,953	\$ 3,598,494	\$ 3,459,629	\$ 3,233,603	\$ 2,933,891	\$ 3,081,793	\$ 2,603,392	\$ 2,366,976
Health insurance subsidy	252,338	468,636	429,606	426,068	416,533	369,084	357,107	345,742	340,622	301,780
	\$ 5,612,353	\$ 4,953,128	\$ 4,260,559	\$ 4,024,562	\$ 3,876,162	\$ 3,602,687	\$ 3,290,998	\$ 3,427,535	\$ 2,944,014	\$ 2,668,756
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 5,612,353	\$ 4,953,128	\$ 4,260,559	\$ 4,024,563	\$ 3,876,162	\$ 3,602,687	\$ 3,290,998	\$ 3,427,535	\$ 2,944,014	\$ 2,608,294
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered employee payroll	\$ 27,335,399	\$ 25,856,199	\$24,376,999	\$ 23,749,810	\$ 23,136,187	\$22,508,514	\$22,085,094	\$ 21,502,670	\$ 21,254,324	\$20,866,802
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll										
Pension plan Health insurance subsidy	19.61% 0.92%	17.34% 1.81%	15.72% 1.76%	15.15% 1.79%	14.95% 1.80%	14.37% 1.64%	13.28% 1.62%	14.35% 1.61%	12.25% 1.60%	11.34% 1.45%

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES TO THE OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS September 30, 2023

CHANGE IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

Total OPEB Liability:	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ 202,300	\$ 349,051	\$ 344,293	\$ 290,352	\$ 259,760	\$ 258,636
Change for the Year						
Service Cost	18,358	28,948	27,000	23,928	19,683	19,860
Interest	8,513	7,220	7,871	7,682	9,543	8,684
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-	-	-	-
Experience Losses/Gains	-	(102,767)	-	73,906	-	-
Changes in Assumptions	(4,055)	(41,411)	5,255	(29,528)	22,574	(6,420)
Benefit Payments (Net of Retiree Contributions)	(17,668)	(38,741)	(35,368)	(22,047)	(21,208)	(21,000)
Net change in the OPEB Liability	5,148	(146,751)	4,758	53,941	30,592	1,124
Balance as of September 30	\$ 207,448	\$ 202,300	\$ 349,051	\$ 344,293	\$ 290,352	\$ 259,760
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Balance at Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions - Employer	17,668	38,741	35,368	22,047	21,208	21,000
Benefit Payments	(17,667)	(38,741)	(35,368)	(22,047)	(21,208)	(21,000)
Net Change in the Plan	-			-	<u> </u>	
Balance as of September 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's Net OPEB Liability Ending	\$ 207,448	\$ 202,300	\$ 349,051	\$ 344,293	\$ 290,352	\$ 259,760
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Covered Payroli*	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Employee	•	•	Ψ	•	•	•
Payroll*	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Expected Average Remaining Service of all Participants	8	8	6	6	7	7
Notes to Schedule: Benefit Changes : None Changes in assumpt The discount rate was changed as follows	:					
The discount rate changes year to year	4.60%	4.40%	2.19%	2.41%	2.75%	3.83%

^{*} Because the Plan does not depend on salary, there is no salary information.

Note: GASB 74 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. Until a full 10 year trend has been compiled, only those years for which information is available has been presented. See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS September 30, 2023

2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 \$ **Actuarially Determined Contributions** \$ 17,668 \$ 38,741 35,368 22,047 21,208 \$ 20,108 Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially **Determined Contribution** 21,208 \$ 20,108 \$ (38,741) \$ (35,368) \$ (22,047) Contributions Deficiency (Excess)

Note: GASB 74 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. Until a full 10 year trend has been compiled, only those years for which information is available has been presented. See notes to required supplementary information.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA OPEB DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES ARISING FROM DIFFERENCES BETWEEN EXPECTED AND ACTUAL EXPERIENCE September 30, 2023

Balances at **September 30, 2023 Amounts Recognized in** Deferred Deferred Experience **OPEB Expense Through** Experience **Outflows of** Inflows of **September 30, 2023** Losses Gains Resources Resources Year (b) (a) - (c) (c) (b) - (c) Prior \$ \$ \$ 2018 2019 2020 73,906 49,272 24,634 2021 2022 102,767 34,256 68,511 2023 \$ 24,634 \$ 68,511

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA OPEB DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS ARISING FROM CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS September 30, 2023

Balances at September 30, 2023

Fiscal Year		se in the PEB Liability	the 1	creases in Fotal OPEB Liability	OPEB Exp	Recognized in pense Through ber 30, 2018	Out	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ed Inflows of
Prior	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2018		-		6,420		5,502		-		918
2019		22,574		-		16,125		6,449		-
2020		-		29,528		19,684		-		9,844
2021		5,255		-		2,628		2,627		-
2022		-		41,411		13,804		-		27,607
2023		-		4,055		676		-		3,379
Net Increase (decrease) in OPEB exp	ense	\$	35,948	\$	43,939	\$	9,076	\$	10,762

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

An annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental and enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The County generally follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data for the governmental and enterprise funds as reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 30, the County Manager, serving as Budget Officer, submits to the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted by the BOCC to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the BOCC.
- 4. The Constitutional Officers submit, at various times prior to September 30, to the BOCC and to certain divisions within the Department of Revenue, State of Florida, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, as set forth in Chapter 129 of the Florida Statutes.
- 5. The Department of Revenue, State of Florida, has the final authority on the operating budgets for the Tax Collector and Property Appraiser, which are classified as separate special revenue funds.
- 6. The BOCC is authorized to amend fixed appropriations by motion to the extent that appropriations do not exceed the total approved budget of the fund, or appropriate for special purpose intended, reserves or unanticipated receipts. Appropriations lapse at year end. No supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year. Various such amendments were made during the year.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device in all governmental and enterprise funds.
- 8. Governmental fund budgets are initially adopted on the modified accrual basis. The legally amended budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023 are shown on this basis of accounting. Therefore, the actual and budgetary data are on a comparable basis.
- 9. Enterprise fund budgets are adopted on the accrual basis except that depreciation is not budgeted.
- 10. Legal control of the budget is exercised pursuant to applicable provisions of the *Florida Statutes*.
- 11. Appropriations for the County lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

NOTE 2. PENSION PLAN

Net Pension Liability

The components of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers for each defined benefit plan for the measurement date of September 30, 2023, are shown below:

	FRS	HIS
Total Pension Liability	\$ 226,204,201,000	\$ 16,563,148,691
Plan fiduciary net position	 (186,357,365,968)	 (681,814,936)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 39,846,835,032	\$ 15,881,333,755

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

82.38%

4.12%

The total pension liability for each plan was determined by the plans' actuary and reported in the plans 67 valuation as of June 30, 2023. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the plan. The fiduciary net position is reported in the financial statements and the net pension liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Update procedures were not used.

The total pension liability for the HIS was determined by the plan's actuary and reported in the plan's GASB 67 valuation as of June 30, 2023. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the plan. The fiduciary net position is reported in the financial statements and the net pension liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Basis for Allocation

The employer's proportionate share reported in the pension allocation schedules was calculated using accrued retirement contributions related to the reporting periods included in the System's fiscal years ending June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2023, for employers that were members of the FRS and HIS during those fiscal years. For fiscal years June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2023, in addition to contributions from employers the required accrued contributions for the Division (paid on behalf of the Division's employees who administer the Plans) were allocated to each employer on a proportionate basis. The Division administers the Plans, and therefore, cannot allocate a portion of the liability to itself. Although GASB 68 encourages the use of the employers' projected long-term contribution effort to the retirement plan, allocating on the basis of historical employer contributions is acceptable. The aggregate employer contribution amounts for each fiscal year agree to the employer contribution amounts reported in the system's ACFR for that fiscal year.

The proportion calculated based on contributions for each of the fiscal years presented in the pension allocation schedules was applied to the net pension liability and other pension amounts applicable for that fiscal year to determine each employer's proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflow of resources and associated pension expense.

For the purposes of the pension allocation schedules, pension amounts are allocated to reporting employers. The pension amounts of participating employers whose payrolls are reported and contributions are remitted by another entity are included in the reporting employer's amounts and will be allocated to the participating employer by the reporting employer.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the

assumptions used in the funding valuations of the defined benefit pension plan pursuant to section 216.136(10), Florida Statutes. The division determines the assumptions in the valuations for GASB 67 reporting purposes. The FRS Pension Plan's GASB 67 is performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

The total pension liability for each cost-sharing defined benefit plan was determined using the individual entry age actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both Plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both Plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for the FRS Pension Plan is 6.70%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program (Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index). Mortality assumptions for both Plans were based on the PUB-2010 base table.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2023:

- FRS: The long-term expected rate of return did not change from prior year.
- HIS: The demographic assumptions for the Special Risk class were updated to reflect plan changes due HB007, HB689, and SB838.
- HIS: The election assumption for vested terminated members was updated from 20% to 50% to reflect recent experience.
- HIS: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was increased from 3.54% to 3.65%.

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis show the impact to the collective net pension liability of the participating employers if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate at June 30, 2023:

FRS NET PENSION LIABILITY

		Current		
1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
 (5.70%)		(6.70%)	(6.70%) (7.70%)	
\$ 68,066,508,032	\$	39,846,835,032	\$	16,237,702,032
HIS	S NE	T PENSION LIABILI	ΙΤΥ	

	Current				
1% Decrease	1% Increase				
(2.65%)	(3.65%)	(4.65%)			
\$ 18,118,123,208	\$ 15,881,333,755	\$	14,027,185,514		

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraphs 54 and 71, changes in the net pension liability are recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current reporting period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive emplovees)
- Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)
- Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments amortized over five years

Employer contributions to the pension plans from employers are not included in collective pension expense: however, employee contributions are used to reduce pension expense.

The average expected remaining service life of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2023, was 5.5 years for FRS and 6.4 years for HIS. The components of collective pension expense reported in the pension allocation schedules for the fiscal year ended June 30, are presented below for each plan.

	FRS		
	Recognized in Expense	D-fd-0tfl	Defermed before
Description	Reporting Period Ended 2023	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Service Cost	\$ 2,770,120,809	\$ -	\$ -
Interest Cost	14,331,550,546	-	-
Effect of plan changes	1,332,907,000	-	-
Effect of economic, demographic, gains of losses			
(difference between expected and actual experience	1,170,374,794	3,741,273,990	-
Effects of assumptions changes or inputs	1,984,778,059	2,597,547,279	
Member contributions	(788,862,819)	-	-
Projected investment earnings	(11,836,665,097)	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between Pension Plan contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	-	1,657,004,180	(1,657,004,180)
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings	(738,407,934)	1,664,111,667	-
Administrative expenses	27,047,577		
Total	\$ 8,252,842,935	\$ 9,659,937,116	\$ (1,657,004,180)
	HIS		
	Recognized in Expense		
	Reporting Period Ended	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Description	2023	of Resources	of Resources
Service Cost	\$ 208,288,835	\$ -	\$ -
Interest Cost	391,888,811	-	-
Effect of plan changes	5,596,298,140	-	-
Effect of economic, demographic, gains of losses			
(difference between expected and actual experience	79,660,103	232,491,818	(37,275,868)
Effects of assumptions changes or inputs	(298,486,289)	417,515,463	(1,376,171,047)
Member contributions	(221,875)	-	-
Projected investment earnings	(21,115,132)	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences			
between Pension Plan contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	-	560,620,084	(560,620,084)
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings	5,082,161	8,201,349	-
Administrative expenses	212,017_		
Total	\$ 5,961,606,771	\$ 1,218,828,714	\$ (1,974,066,999)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension lability in the subsequent reporting period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized as follows:

Reporting		
Period Ending	FRS	HIS
2024	\$ 1,090,697,536	\$ (131,960,417)
2025	(432,129,269)	(80,007,514)
2026	6,544,684,576	(133,116,070)
2027	621,690,549	(261,098,273)
2028	177,989,544	(138,306,216)
Thereafter	 	 (10,749,795)
	\$ 8,002,932,936	\$ (755,238,285)

NOTE 3. OPEB PLAN

The OPEB schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes in Assumptions : For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 changes in assumptions were:

	Fiscal Year	Ended
	2022	2023
Economic Assumptions:		
Rate of Growth in Real Income / GDP per capita	1.5%	1.4%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.1%	1.0%
Expected Health Share of GDP in 2031	20.0%	19.0%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.0%	20.0%
Discount Rate Assumptions:	4.40%	4.40%
Interest Rate Assumption;	4.40%	4.40%

OTHER INFOMRATION FUND COMBINING STATEMENTS

COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2023

							Special Reve	enue Funds					
				Property					Supervisor	Tax			<u> </u>
		Clerk of Courts		Appraiser		SI	heriff		of Elections	Collector	В	pard of County Commissi	ioners
	Operating	Public Records Modernization Trust	Teen Court	Operating	Minimum Standards School	Drug Task Force	Inmate Welfare	Work Program	Operating	Operating	Court Reporters	Sheriff ESAC	Jail Construction
ASSETS													
Current assets													
Cash	\$ 230,766	\$ 381,173	\$ 32,645	\$ 77,367	\$ 20,050	\$ 32,461	\$ 1,096,143	\$ 13,020	\$ 131,796	\$ 215,743	\$ 118,713	\$ 21,586	\$ 166,596
Accounts receivable	-	-		-	-	-	25,321				-		
Due from other funds	150,020	11,525	801	-	-	-	35,037	-	-	46,572	-		-
Due from other governmental units	-	-		-	-	1,700	-		8,409		-		3,001
Prepaid items	-	-		-	-	-	-				-		
Investments	-		-										
Total assets	380,786	392,698	33,446	77,367	20,050	34,161	1,156,501	13,020	140,205	262,315	118,713	21,586	169,597
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Current liabilities													
Accounts payable	31	-	-	-	-	675	40,535	-	11,719	-	5,469	-	
Accrued wages	47,235	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,938	50,755	-	-	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	75,587	-	-	11	-	107,548	205,298	-	-	-
Due to other governmental units	183,416	-	-	1,780	-	-	-	-		6,262	-		-
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-
Other current liablities	31,589	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenues	118,515												
Total liabilities	380,786			77,367		675	40,546		140,205	262,315	5,469		
FUND BALANCES													
Nonspendable	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	
Restricted	-	392,698	33,446	-	20,050	33,486	1,115,955	13,020	-	-	113,244	21,586	
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Assigned			<u> </u>										169,597
Total fund balances		392,698	33,446		20,050	33,486	1,115,955	13,020			113,244	21,586	169,597
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 380,786	\$ 392,698	\$ 33,446	\$ 77,367	\$ 20,050	\$ 34,161	\$ 1,156,501	\$ 13,020	\$ 140,205	\$ 262,315	\$ 118,713	\$ 21,586	\$ 169,597

(continued)

COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds													Debt Service Fund						Capital Projects						
	_											Board of Co		Commissioners													
								Law		Library				Tourist				Road		Paving						Total Nonmajor	
				Court		Impact		forcement	Е	Enhancement			De	evelopment		Jail		provement		Assess-		County		Sheriff		Governmental	
		CDBG		Service		Fees		Special		Grant		SHIP		Tax	D	ebt Service	D	ebt Service		ments		Facilities	c	Construction		Funds	_
ASSETS																											
Cash	\$	(33,057)	\$	277,031	\$	47,121	\$	23,344	\$	1,886,354	\$	1,107,050	\$	2,680,606	\$	782,990	\$	231,885	\$	214,782	\$	15,459,633	\$	2,315,985	\$	27,531,783	
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		80		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		25,401	
Due from other funds		-		11,536		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		255,491	1
Due from other governmental units		-		4,945		-		-		7,404		-		149,493		31,590		-		-		934,426		-		1,140,968	8
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Investments		-		534,079		276,987		1,584		-		-		1,150,869		-		-		-		-		-		1,963,519	.9
Total assets		(33,057)		827,591	_	324,108		24,928	_	1,893,838		1,107,050		3,980,968		814,580		231,885		214,782		16,394,059	_	2,315,985		30,917,162	2
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																											
LIABILITIES																											
Current liabilities																											
Accounts payable				2.657						9.295				33.031								387,204				490,616	6
				2,007		-		-		42,280				7.208		-						361,204		•		168,416	
Accrued wages payable Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		42,280				1,208		-		-		-		-		•		388,444	
		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-			
Due to other governmental units		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		7.000		-		191,458	
Deposits Other current liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,639		-		7,639	
		-		-		-		-		-				-		-		-		-		-		-		31,589	
Unearned revenues									_			185,427					_								_	303,942	
Total liabilities				2,657					_	51,575		185,427		40,239			_					394,843		<u> </u>	_	1,582,104	4_
FUND BALANCES																											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-			-
Restricted		(33,057)		824,934		324,108		24,928		1,842,263		921,623		3,940,729		814,580		231,885		214,782		-		2,315,985		13,166,245	5
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-			-
Assigned		-		-		-		-	_	-				-						-		15,999,216		-		16,168,813	
Total fund balances		(33,057)		824,934		324,108		24,928	_	1,842,263		921,623		3,940,729		814,580		231,885		214,782		15,999,216		2,315,985		29,335,058	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	(33,057)	\$	827,591	\$	324,108	\$	24,928	\$	1,893,838	\$	1,107,050	\$	3,980,968	\$	814,580	\$	231,885	\$	214,782	\$	16,394,059	\$	2,315,985	\$	30,917,162	2

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2023

						Special	Revenue Funds						
		Clerk of Courts		Property Appraiser		She	riff		Supervisor of Elections	Tax Collector		Board of County Commissioners	
	Clerk of Courts Operating	Public Records Modernization Trust	Teen Court	Operating	Minimum Standards School	Drug Task Force	Inmate Welfare	Work Program	Operating	Operating	Court Reporters	Sheriff ESAC	Jail Construction
REVENUES													
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, assessments													-
Intergovernmental revenue	315,312	119.868	45.004		-	6.290	-	- 48	55,178		164,574		
Charges for services	1,670,482 182,668	119,868	15,001	47,765	8.783	5,290 5,850	344,087	48	-	2,233,796	•	•	
Fines and forfeitures Interest income	26,638			- 43	8,783 206	5,850 463	7.025	78		6,021	•	1,238	11,826
Miscellaneous	20,036			425	200	218	63,538		12,458	3,958		1,230	11,820
Total revenues	2,195,100	119,868	15,001	48.233	8,989	12,821	414,650	126	67,636	2,243,775	164,574	1,238	11,826
EXPENDITURES													
Current Expenditures													
General government	966,653	5,882	-	2,069,063		-		-	1,242,852	2,038,477	191,223		-
Public safety	-		-	-	8,375	13,408	180,003	-	-		-		71,076
Physical environment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Transportation				•				-					
Economic environment		-					-	-			-		-
Human services	-				-	-			-	-	-		-
Culture/recreation	4 700 550	44.005		•	•	-		-		•			
Court - related	1,762,559	41,295	9,000	•	•	-		-		•			
Capital outlay		113,986		3,337					44,277				
General government		113,986		3,331	•	45.729	166,467	•	44,211		•	•	•
Public safety Physical environment				•	•	45,729	100,407	•			•	•	•
Transportation													
Economic environment													
Culture/recreation													
Court - related	2,739												
Debt service	2,100												
Principal	4,770			4,568			2,837		31,253				
Interest	463			212			2,760		4,749				
Total expenditures	2,737,184	161,163	9,000	2,077,180	8,375	59,137	352,067		1,323,131	2,038,477	191,223		71,076
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(542,084)	(41,295)	6,001	(2,028,947)	614	(46,316)	62,583	126	(1,255,495)	205,298	(26,649)	1,238	(59,250)
·	(012,001)	(-12,250)	0,002	(2,020,041)		(10,020)	02,000		(2,200,100)		(20,040)	1,200	(00,200)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Sale of fixed assets							-				-	209,120	-
Debt proceeds		-	-	-	-			-	-				
Lease financings													
Interfund transfers in	542,084	-	-	2,028,947	-		-	-	1,255,495		-		
Interfund transfers out										(205,298)		(240,019)	(600,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	542,084			2,028,947					1,255,495	(205,298)		(30,899)	(600,000)
Net change in fund balances	-	(41,295)	6,001	-	614	(46,316)	62,583	126		-	(26,649)	(29,661)	(659,250)
Fund balances beginning of year Fund balances end of year	<u> </u>	433,993 \$ 392,698	27,445 \$ 33.446	<u> </u>	19,436 \$ 20.050	79,802 \$ 33,486	1,053,372 \$ 1,115,955	12,894 \$ 13.020	<u> </u>	-	139,893 \$ 113,244	\$ 51,247 \$ 21,586	\$28,847 \$ 169,597
runu balances end of year	\$ -	φ 392,098	φ 33,446	φ -	φ ∠∪,∪5∪	φ 33,48b	Ф 1,110,955	φ 13,020	\$ -	φ -	Ф 113,244	φ ∠1,08b	\$ 169,597

(Continued)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2023

					Special Revenue Fund	s			Debt Se	ervice Funds	Capital P	rojects Funds	
					В	oard of County Commis	sioners					Sheriff	
REVENUES	CDBG	Court Service	Impact Fees	Law Enforcement Special	Library Enhancement Grant	SHIP	Tourist Development Tax	Jail Debt Service	Road Improvement Debt Service	Paving Assess- ments	County Facilities	Construction Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 350,000	s -	\$ -	\$ 1.087.705	\$ -	\$ 2,118,452	s -	\$ 594.325	\$ -	s -	s -	\$ 4,150,482
Licenses, permits, assessments	· .			· .	-		-,,			5,688			5,688
Intergovernmental revenue	13,332				704.360	677.517		640,000		-,	1,344,737		3,915,010
Charges for services	,	136,601			7,437			,			_,		4,581,375
Fines and forfeitures		,			11.922								209,223
Interest income		19,336	4,015	156	23,899	2,777	60,766	3,053	1,840	1,046	81,517	20,770	272,713
Miscellaneous			-		11,931	83,300	25,515	-					201,343
Total revenues	13,332	505,937	4,015	156	1,847,254	763,594	2,204,733	643,053	596,165	6,734	1,426,254	20,770	13,335,834
EXPENDITURES													
Current Expenditures													
General government		15.912								1,263	76,008		6,607,333
Public safety		20,022								2,200	43,077	125,868	441,807
Physical environment												120,000	
Transportation										161	3,008		3,169
Economic environment	39,722	12.040.00				677,517	1,144,400				-		1,873,679
Human services		,											_,_,_,_,_
Culture/recreation		(176)			1,815,206		12,500				40,000		1,867,530
Court -related		474.872			-,,		,				,		2,287,726
Capital outlay		,											_,,
General government													161,600
Public safety											205,226		417,422
Physical environment													· ·
Transportation											2,120,850		2,120,850
Economic environment							8.290						8,290
Human services											18.834		18,834
Culture/recreation											458,251		458,251
Court-related													2,739
Debt service													
Principal							2,728	504,855	615,001				1,166,012
Interest							753	130,984	187,281				327,202
Total expenditures	39,722	502,648			1,815,206	677,517	1,168,671	635,839	802,282	1,424	2,965,254	125,868	17,762,444
Excess of revenues over (under)													
expenditures	(26.390)	3,289	4,015	156	32.048	86.077	1.036.062	7,214	(206.117)	5.310	(1.539.000)	(105,098)	(4,426,610)
													
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Sale of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		209,120
Debt proceeds		-				-	-				5,665,165		5,665,165
Interfund transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		11,520,850	367,000	15,714,376
Interfund transfers out					-		(430,000)			(3,000)	(300,000)		(1,778,317)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		-		-	(430,000)	-		(3,000)	16,886,015	367,000	19,810,344
Net change in fund balances	(26,390)	3,289	4,015	156	32,048	86,077	606,062	7,214	(206,117)	2,310	15,347,015	261,902	15,383,734
Fund balances beginning of year	(6,667)	821,645	320,093	24,772	1,810,215	835,546	3,334,667	807,366	438,002	212,472	652,201	2,054,083	13,951,324
Fund balances end of year	\$ (33,057)	\$ 824,934	\$ 324,108	\$ 24,928	\$ 1,842,263	\$ 921,623	\$ 3,940,729	\$ 814,580	\$ 231,885	\$ 214,782	\$ 15,999,216	\$ 2,315,985	\$ 29,335,058

COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS September 30, 2023

	Clerk of Circuit Court									Sheriff									Tax Co	or			
										Public													
			_							efender		41141		Inmate	_			vidence		Tag		Ad alorem Tax	
		ilerk's Trust		nployee Inshine		mestic lations		Jury /itness		cupancy Trust	individual Depositors		Trust		Donation Trust		Trust		Agency			Agency	Totals
ASSETS																				,			
Cash	\$ 1,	974,001	\$	2,330	\$	931	\$	3,849	\$	8,083	\$	7,486	\$	395,132	\$	11,963	\$	104,382	\$	135,907	\$	1,657,212	\$ 4,301,276
Accounts receivable		10		-		-		-		147		-		-		-		-		2,344		-	2,501
Due from other funds		-				-		-		-		-		-						-		-	
Total assets	\$ 1,	974,011	\$	2,330	\$	931	\$	3,849	\$	8,230	\$	7,486	\$	395,132	\$	11,963	\$	104,382	\$	138,251	\$	1,657,212	\$ 4,303,777
LIABILITIES																							
Accounts payable	\$	100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	104	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 204
Court fees payable		464,415		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	464,415
Due to other funds		187,515		-		-		-		-		5,996		39,009		-		-		-		46,572	279,092
Due to other governmental units		501,549				931		10		-		-								122,971		1,439,382	 2,064,843
Total liabilities	1,	153,579		-		931		10		-		5,996		39,009		104				122,971		1,485,954	2,808,554
NET POSITION	\$	820,432	\$	2,330	\$		\$	3,839	\$	8,230	\$	1,490	\$	356,123	\$	11,859	\$	104,382	\$	15,280	\$	171,258	\$ 1,495,223

COLUMBIA COUNTY FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

			Clerk of Cour	ts			She	eriff		Tax C	_			
					Public Defender						Ad	_		
	Clerk's	Employee	Domestic	Jury	Occupancy	Individual	Inmate	Donation	Evidence	Tag	Valorem Tax			
	Trust	Sunshine	Relations	Witness	Trust	Depositors	Trust	Trust	Trust	Agency	Agency	Totals		
ADDITIONS														
Funds held for others	\$ 794,235	\$ 1,220	\$ -	\$ 13,000	\$ 85,223	\$ -	622,871	39,273	47,140	\$ 213,774	\$ 6,733,207	\$	8,549,943	
Cash bonds	227,339	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		227,339	
Taxes collected for other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,902,726		64,902,726	
Tax Collector licenses and fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,710,143	-		7,710,143	
Sheriff civil fees	-	-	-	-	-	110,285	-	-	-	-	-		110,285	
Fines, fees and court costs	7,956,335		5,230						<u> </u>				7,961,565	
Total additions	8,977,909	1,220	5,230	13,000	85,223	110,285	622,871	39,273	47,140	7,923,917	71,635,933		89,462,001	
DEDUCTIONS														
Funds held for others	755,035	1,054	5,230	10,492	89,608	-	600,107	40,585	72,987	214,081	6,751,930		8,541,109	
Cash bonds	356,365					-		_			· · ·		356,365	
Fines, fees and court costs	7,956,335	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		7,956,335	
Taxes and fees payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,710,143	64,902,728		72,612,871	
Sheriff civil fees	-	-	-	-	-	108,795	-	-	-	-	-		108,795	
Total deductions	9,067,735	1,054	5,230	10,492	89,608	108,795	600,107	40,585	72,987	7,924,224	71,654,658		89,575,475	
Change in net position	(89,826) 166	-	2,508	(4,385)	1,490	22,764	(1,312)	(25,847)	(307)	(18,725)		(113,474)	
Net position - beginning of year	910,258	2,164		1,331	12,615		333,359	13,171	130,229	15,587	189,983		1,608,697	
Net position - end of year	\$ 820,432	\$ 2,330	\$ -	\$ 3,839	\$ 8,230	\$ 1,490	356,123	11,859	104,382	\$ 15,280	\$ 171,258	\$	1,495,223	

OTHER REPORTS AND LETTERS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Columbia County, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 17, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Columbia County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County, Florida's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exit that may not have been identified. We did identify one significant deficiency identified as "2023-01" on the schedule of findings and questioned cost.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Columbia County, Florida's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

POWELL & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

Powel & Jones

July 17, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of Columbia County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated July 17, 2024.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major State Project and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Chapter 10.550 *Rules of the Auditor General*, and Schedule of Findings. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated May15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that the following items be addressed in this letter.

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

AUDITOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Financial Emergency Status</u> – We determined that the County had not met any of conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

<u>Financial Condition Assessment</u> - As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Sections 10.544(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules* of the *Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550.

CONCLUSION - We have reviewed information regarding our audit with appropriate County officials and management and have provided them with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the County. We look forward to a long and mutually beneficial relationship with the Board of County Commissioners and other County Officials and employees. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by all County employees.

POWELL & JONES
Certified Public Accountants
July 17, 2024

Powel & Jones

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Board of County Commissioners Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida's (the County) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2023. We have also examined the Clerk of the Circuit Court's (Clerk's) compliance with Section 61.181, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the Clerk's alimony and child support payments and Sections 28.35 and 28.36; *Florida Statutes* as to the following during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

a. The budget and performance standards developed and certified by the Florida Clerk of Courts Operations Corporation and Sections 28.35 and 28.36 *Florida Statutes*.

We also examined the County's compliance with Section 365.172(10) and 365.173(2)(d) Florida Statutes and requirements specified by the E911 board grant and special disbursement programs. These laws require that E911 fee revenues, interest and E911 grant funding be used to pay for authorized expenditures as specified in the Statutes.

Management is responsible for the County's and Clerk's respective compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's and the Clerk's compliance based on our examinations.

Our examinations were conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's and the Clerk's compliance with those respective requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examinations provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examinations do not provide a legal determination on the County's and the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Columbia County, Florida and the Columbia County Clerk of the Circuit Court complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Columbia County, Florida, the Clerk, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

POWELL & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

Powel & Jones

July 17, 2024

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SINGLE AUDIT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCEAND CHAPTER 10.550 RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Constitutional Officers Columbia County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Columbia County, Florida's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement, and the requirements described in the Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Columbia County, Florida's major Federal programs and State projects for the year ended September 30, 2023. Columbia County, Florida's major Federal programs and State projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Columbia County, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs and State projects for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Columbia County, Florida and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Columbia County, Florida's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Columbia County, Florida's federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Columbia County, Florida's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Columbia County, Florida's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program and state project as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Columbia County, Florida's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Columbia County, Florida's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County, Florida's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

Lake City, Florida

July 17, 2024

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

FEDERAL OR STATE GRANTOR /				
PASS THROUGH GRANTOR /			Program and award	
PROGRAM TITLE	ALN	Grant #	amount	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS		NEED NUMBER		
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
passed through the State of Florida Department of Economic Opportunity				
Community Development Block Grant - Small Cities	14.228	22DB-OP-33-22-01-H04	750,000	39,722
Community Development Block Grant - Hi-Dry Acres Stormwater	14.228	IR048	4,762,258	227,267
Community Development Block Grant - Parnell Hills Stormwater	14.228	IR044	3,614,119	185,813
Community Development Block Grant - Ellisville Wastewater	14.228	G527	1,045,000	1,165,978
			10,171,377	1,618,780
U.S. Department of Justice			<u> </u>	•
passed through Bureau of Justice Assistance/Office of Criminal Justice Grants				
Bulletproof Vest Grant Partnership Program	16.607	FY2021	6,300	5,181
Bulletproof Vest Grant Partnership Program	16.607	FY2021	6,899	2,997
Equitable Sharing Agreement and Certification - Law Enfourcement Equipment	16.922	1123-001	240,019	240,019
			253,218	248,197
U.S. Elections Assistance Commission				
passed through the Florida Department of State Division of Elections				
Voting System Equipment Grant	90.401	MOA#2015-2016-0006-COL	55,180	55,180
			55,180	55,180
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
passed through the Florida Department of Revenue				
Title IV-D Funds	93.563		77,319	77,319
			77,319	77,319
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Federal Emergency Management Agency				
Homeland Security Grant Program Crime Analyst FY20	97.067	R0288	58,000	7,216
Homeland Security Grant Program Crime Analyst FY19	97.067	R0580	58,000	36,576
Hazard Mitigation Grant IRMA	97.039	H0239 PROJ #4337-083-R	819,871	13,729
Passed through the State of Florida Executive Office of the Governmor				
Emergency Management Performance (EMPG)	97.042	G3099	52,372	47,354
			988,243	104,875
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			11,545,337	2,104,351

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

FEDERAL OR STATE GRANTOR / PASS THROUGH GRANTOR /			Program and award	
PROGRAM TITLE	CFSA #	Grant #	amount	Expenditures
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				
Department of Emergency Management				
Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Grant	31.063	A0195	105,806	5,649
Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Grant	31.063	A0265	105,806	88,67
Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance Grant	31.063	A0402	105,806	26,22
			317,418	120,542
Fiorida Department of Environmental Protection				
Small County Solid Waste Grant Agreement	37.012	SC304	97,326	131,46
I-75 / SR 247 Regional Pond	37.039	LPR0015	2,510,000	136,81
			2,607,326	268,27
Fiorida Department of Financal Services				
Volunteer Firefighter Grant Assistance	43.006	FM752	72,125	41,028
			72,125	41,028
Florida Department of Health				
Emergency Medical Services (EMS) County Grant	64.005	C1012	28,797	25,143
Florido Decembrant of Fernando Occasionity			28,797	25,143
Florida Department of Economic Opportunity	40.042	P0456	65,000	65,000
Growth Management Implementation Economic Development Tax Refund, Tax Credit, and Grant Program	40.042	G00045	14,200,000	13,404,58
Economic Development Tax Retund, Tax Credit, and Grant Program	40.043	G00045	14,265,000	13,469,58
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services				
Anthropod Mosquito Control State Aid	42.003	29481	46,489	37,310
			46,489	37,310
Fiorida Department of State				
State Aid to Libraries Grant	45.030	23-ST-09	554,360 554,360	554,360 554,360
Fiorida Housing Finance Corporation			554,560	334,300
State Housing Initiatives Program				
SHIP Grant Program YR 21/22	40.901	FY21-22	496,459	171,732
SHIP Grant Program YR 22/23	40.901	FY22-23	668,830	505,78
Fiorida Department of Transportation			1,165,289	677,517
Jordan Street SCOP	55.009	G2156	408,827	2,270
Queen Chambria Windfield	55.009	G2500	2,475,000	27,519
Small County Outreach Program - Cypress Lake Rd	55.009	G1F07	3,363,750	798,344
Similar Gould, Cathousin 1 Togram Gyptoso Land Na	33.333	02.07	6,247,577	828,129
Florida Department of Law Enforcement				
Criminal Justice Data Transparency Implementation Assistance Program	71.044	2022-DTSFA-D2-014	105,000	105,000
Law Enforcement Salary Assistance for Fiscally Constrained Counties	71.067	7G018	1,129,858 1,234,858	1,129,858 1,234,858
Florida E-911 Board			1,237,030	1,237,000
Fall 2022 State Grant	72.003	S22-23-01-14	57,665	57,66
Spring 2023 Rural Grant	72.001	23-04-15	110,702	109,54
			168,367	167,21
TOTAL STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 26,707,606	\$ 17,423,963

See notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance includes the federal and state award activity of Columbia County, Florida and is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of Columbia County, the primary government, and each of its component units. The County includes a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance in the Supplemental Information.

B. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE 2. Indirect Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

NOTE 3. Subrecipients

The County had no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Summary of Auditor's Results

			-1	640	•		ents
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Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued

Internal control over financial reporting

*Material weakness identified? No

*Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be a material weakness?

Noncompliance material to financial statements

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

* Material weakness identified? No

* Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200

Identification of major programs:

Assitance Listing Number

14.228

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?

State Financial Assistance

Internal control over major projects:

• Material weakness identified?

• Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major projects:

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Rule 10.656,

Rules of the Auditor General?

Identification of Major Programs: Assitance Listing Number

55 009

40.043

71.067

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B programs:

No

Name of Federal Programs **Department of Housing and Urban Development**

Yes

Community Development Block Grant

\$750,000

Yes

No

None reported

Unmodified

No

Name of State Programs DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Small County Outreach Promgram

DEPARMENT OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY Economic Development Tax Refund, Tax Credit, and Grant Program Florida Department of Law Enforcement

Law Enforcement Salary Assistance for Fiscally Constrained Counties

\$750,000

(Continued)

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiencies
Supervisor of Elections

2023-1 Bank Reconciliations

The Supervisor's office has been unable to utilize its accounting software to perform bank reconciliations. As a result, we found that for the period from October 1, 2022, through September 30, 2023 that there had been no bank reconciliations completed.

Sound internal controls require reconciliation of cash accounts within a reasonable time period after receipt of the bank statement. If bank accounts are not reconciled on a monthly basis, errors or other issues may not be reconciled or resolved on a timely manner.

As a result of this matter, the Supervisor's office was unable to detect two duplicate entries and multiple other transactions that were not entered during the year, the accumulation of such errors would have resulted in a material misstatement had they not been found and corrected during the audit.

We recommend the Supervisor's office update its accounting software to a system that includes the ability to reconcile its bank statements, and that it begins to complete bank reconciliations on a monthly basis.

2023-2: Classification Review

The Supervisor's office receives the majority of its financial support through scheduled transfers from Columbia County's Board of County Commissioners (the Board). These transfers are intended to cover the Supervisor's approved budget for the year. After year-end, the Supervisor returns any excess funds received less expenditures incurred (net income) back to the Board. During the audit, we found that in June 2023, the Supervisor had recorded a liability for its monthly receipt from the Board of \$104,905 instead of recognizing it as an incoming transfer. The result was that the Supervisor's net income was lower, and accordingly, substantially less was returned to the Board than was due after year-end.

We recommend that the Supervisor's office include an internal control procedure whereby on a monthly basis, a review of a general ledger report containing the month's transactions be conducted to see if any material transactions were misclassified, and corrections, if necessary are made.

Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

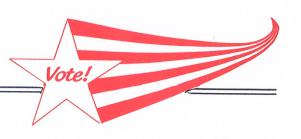
None

State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Tomi S. Brown

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS, COLUMBIA COUNTY



July 1, 2024

Ms. Sherrill F. Norman, C.P.A. AUDITOR GENERAL State of Florida The Capital Tallahassee, Florida 32399

RE: Response to Management Letter – Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023 Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections

Dear Auditor General:

Columbia County Supervisor of Elections provides the following response to the current year findings within the management letter issued to the Supervisor in the above referenced financial report.

Prior Year Findings

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

Current Year Findings

2023-1: Bank Reconciliations

My office has updated our software and will insure cash accounts are reconciled on a monthly basis.

2023-2: Classification Review

My office has implemented a monthly procedure to review the general ledger's transactions to insure proper classifications and make corrections, if necessary.

Sincerely,

Tomi Brown

Supervisor of Elections

XC: Powell and Jones CPA
Outgoing Correspondence

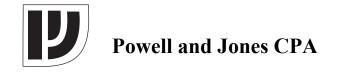
Office (386) 758-1026 ★ Fax (386) 755-7233 971 W. Duval Street, Suite 102 ★ Lake City, Florida 32055-3734 www.votecolumbia.com ★ Email: election@votecolumbia.com **CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT**

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

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1359 S.W. Main Blvd. Lake City, FL 32025 Phone 386.755.4200

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Clerk of the Circuit Court, James M Swisher, Jr. Columbia County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk of the Court), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk of the Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major funds and aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk of the Court, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Columbia County Clerk of the Court and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statues, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Tax Collector is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk of the Court's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of the Court's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk of the Court's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk of the Court's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report July 16, 2024, on our consideration of the Clerk of the Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk of the Court's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in the Clerk of the Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Powel & Jones

Powell and Jones CPA Lake City, FL July 16, 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2023

	General	olic Records rnization Trust	Te	een Court			
	Fund	 Funds		Funds	Totals		
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash	\$ 230,766	\$ 381,173	\$	32,645	\$	644,584	
Due from other funds	150,020	11,525		801		162,346	
Due from other governmental units	-	-		-		-	
Total assets	\$ 380,786	\$ 392,698	\$	33,446	\$	806,930	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 31	\$ -	\$	-	\$	31	
Due to Board of County Commissioners	-	-		-		-	
Due to other governmental units	183,416	-		-		183,416	
Accrued wages and payroll liabilities	47,235	-		-		47,235	
Unearned revenue	118,515	-		-		118,515	
Other current liabilities	31,589	-		-		31,589	
Total liabilities	 380,786	-				380,786	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted	-	392,698		33,446		426,144	
Total fund balances	 -	 392,698		33,446		426,144	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 380,786	\$ 392,698	\$	33,446	\$	806,930	

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	General Fund			blic Records odernization Trust	Teen Court		Totals	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	315,312	\$	-	\$	_	\$	315,312
Charges for services	•	1,670,482	•	119,868	*	15,001	•	1,805,351
Fines and forfeitures		182,668		-		-		182,668
Miscellaneous		26,638		_		_		26,638
Total revenues		2,195,100		119,868		15,001	_	2,329,969
EXPENDITURES								
Current expenditures								
General government	\$	966,653	\$	5,882	\$		\$	972,535
Court related	Ψ	1,603,182	Ψ	41,295	Ψ	9,000	Ψ	1,653,477
Capital outlay		1,003,182		41,233		9,000		1,000,477
General government		_		113,986				113,986
Court related		2,739		-				2,739
Debt Service		2,100						2,100
Princpal		4,770		-		_		4,770
Interest		463		_		_		463
Total expenditures		2,577,807		161,163		9,000		2,747,970
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(382,707)		(41,295)		6,001		(418,001)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers from the Board of County Commissioners		542,084		-		-		542,084
Transfers to other governmental units		(159,377)		-		-		(159,377)
Total other financing sources		382,707		-				382,707
Net change in fund balance		-		(41,295)		6,001		(35,294)
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		433,993		27,445		461,438

392,698

426,144

See notes to financial statements.

Fund balance at end of year

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds			
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	1,989,194		
Due from other funds		10		
Other current assets		147		
Total assets	\$ 1,989,			
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	100		
Court fees payable		464,415		
Due to other funds		162,356		
Due to the Board of County Commissioners		25,169		
Due to other governmental units		502,480		
Total liabilities		1,154,520		
Total net position	\$	834,831		

See notes to the financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS			
Funds held for others	\$	893,678	
Cash bonds		227,339	
Fines, fees and court costs		7,961,565	
Total additions		9,082,582	
DEDUCTIONS			
Funds held for others		861,419	
Cash bonds		356,365	
Fines, fees and court costs		7,956,335	
Total deductions		9,174,119	
Change in net position		(91,537)	
Net position at beginning of year		926,368	
Net position at end of year	\$	834,831	

See notes to the financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the Columbia County Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk).

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14,"establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Clerk, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of Columbia County, Florida (the County). Although the Clerk's Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Clerk is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Clerk's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

These special purpose financial statements of the Clerk are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), Florida Statutes.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds and account group utilized by the Clerk are as follows:

(i) Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund of the Clerk is used to account for all financial resources which are generated from operations of the Clerk's office, or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. As of September 30, 2023, the Clerk maintained the following:

Public Records Modernization Trust Fund Teen Court Fund

(ii) Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds – Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The following Custodial Funds are maintained by the Clerk.

Trust
Employee Sunshine Fund
Domestic Relations
Jury and Witness
Public Defender Occupancy Trust

- C. Basis of Accounting The Basis of Accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Clerk currently maintains its accounting records for all funds on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes, appropriate adjustments are made to report governmental and fiduciary fund types using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations.
- **D. Budget** Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriations budget, which includes the appropriations to the General Fund of the Clerk. The Clerk also initially prepares and appropriately amends internally the Clerk's General Fund budget.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted, and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriations budget of the Clerk.

E. Cash and Investments - Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash." At September 30, 2023, the book balance of the Clerk's deposits was \$2,633,778. The bank balance was \$2,691,316. This bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and pledged collateral held at various qualified public depositories. Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*, defines the eligible collateral for these qualified public depositories.

The collateral for the Clerk's deposits is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Clerk at year end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Clerk or his agent in the Clerk's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Clerk's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Clerk's name. All of the collateral covering the Clerk's deposits was Category 1.

- F. Inventories It is the policy of the Clerk to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.
- G. Fixed Assets Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the General Capital Assets Accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated. Depreciation expense has been recorded on the County's general fixed assets. Assets purchased by the Clerk are reported in the County's Governmental Capital Assets Accounts.
- H. Compensated Absences The Clerk follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid by the Clerk and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Clerk maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available. As of September 30, 2023, the balance of compensated absences is \$138,401.
- I. Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- J. Risk Management The Clerk is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others. The Clerk directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the Columbia County Board of County Commissioners which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.

NOTE 3. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Clerk contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System is employee non-contributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees must contribute 3% of their gross wages. The Supervisor of Elections is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	October 1, 2022 -	July 1, 2023 -
Class	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023
Regular Class	11.91%	13.57%
Special Risk Class	27.83%	32.67%
Special Risk Administrative Support	38.65%	39.82%
County Elected Officers	57.00%	60.00%
Senior Management Class	31.57%	34.52%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)	18.60%	21.13%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Clerk's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$277,758, \$235,773, and \$200,658, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Balances at September 30, 2023 were:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$ 150,020	\$ -
Public Records Modernization Trust	11,525	-
Teen Court	801	-
Trust	10	162,346
Jury Witness		10
-	\$ 162,356	\$ 162,356

NOTE 5. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Clerk has various leases for office equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Clerk reports leases with terms of one year or less as rent expenditures which totaled \$2,828 for the year ending September 30, 2023. Long term leases were reported as debt service principal and interest of \$4,770 and \$463 in the governmental fund financial statements as of September 30, 2023. Leases held by the Clerk are reported as a right-of-use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the annual interest expense and lease principal payments to maturity as of September 30, 2023:

Year	P	rincipal	Int	erest	P	ayment
2024	·	4,927		306		5,233
2025		3,877		148		4,025
2026		2,848		90		2,938
	\$	11,653	\$	543	\$	12,196

NOTE 6. FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of September 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing body. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the governing body.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under current practices, the assignment of amounts for specific purposes is approved by the Clerk.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Fund balances with restrictions are as follows at September 30, 2023:

Classification															
Nonspendable		Restricted		Restricted		Nonspendable Restricted		Comr	nitted	Assi	gned	Unass	igned		Total
\$	-	\$	392,698	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	392,698				
	-		33,446		-		-		-		33,446				
\$	-	\$	426,144	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	426,144				
	Nonspe \$	\$ -	\$ - \$	\$ - \$ 392,698 - 33,446	Nonspendable Restricted Common \$ - \$ 392,698 \$ - 33,446	Nonspendable Restricted Committed \$ - \$ 392,698 \$ - - 33,446 -	Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assignment \$ - \$ 392,698 \$ - \$ - 33,446 - -	Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned \$ - \$ 392,698 \$ - \$ - - 33,446 - -	Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unass \$ - \$ 392,698 \$ - \$ - \$ - 33,446 - - -	Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned \$ - \$ 392,698 \$ - \$ - \$ - - - 33,446 - - - -	Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned \$ - \$ 392,698 \$ -				

NOTE 7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the State of Florida and Federal governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Clerk expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY IMFORMATION

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Original budget		Final Budget	G	eneral Fund	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$	315,312	\$	315,312	
Charges for services	Ψ	1,669,704	Ψ	1,669,704	Ψ	1,670,482	Ψ	778	
Fines and forfeitures		1,003,104		1,000,104		182,668		182,668	
Miscellaneous		_		-		26,638		26,638	
Total revenues		1,669,704		1,669,704		2,195,100	525,396		
Total Tevenues		1,003,104		1,003,704		2,133,100		323,330	
EXPENDITURES									
Current expenditures									
General government		277,400		277,400		966,653		(689,253)	
Court related		1,664,471		1,664,471		1,603,182		61,289	
Capital outlay								-	
General government						-		-	
Court related		-		-		2,739		(2,739)	
Debt Service									
Princpal		4,770		4,770		4,770		-	
Interest		463		463		463		-	
Total expenditures		1,947,104		1,947,104		2,577,807		(630,703)	
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures		(277,400)		(277,400)		(382,707)		(105,307)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers from the Board of County Commissioners		542,084		542,084		542,084			
Transfers to other governmental units		-		-		(159,377)		(159,377)	
Total other financing sources		542,084		542,084		382,707		(159,377)	
Net change in fund balance Fund balance at beginning of year		264,684		264,684 -		-		(264,684)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	264,684	\$	264,684	\$	-	\$	(264,684)	

See notes to financial statements.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFOMRATION

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2023

							Public						
	Clerk's Trust		Employee Sunshine		Domestic Relations		Jury Witness		Defender Occupancy Trust		Total Custodial Funds		
ASSETS													
Cash	\$	1,974,001	\$	2,330	\$	931	\$	3,849	\$	8,083	\$	1,989,194	
Accounts receivable		•		-		-		-		-		•	
Due from other funds		10		-		-		-		-		10	
Other current assets										147		147	
Total assets	\$	1,974,011	\$	2,330	\$	931	\$	3,849	\$	8,230	\$	1,989,351	
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100	
Court fees payable		464,415		-		-		-		-		464,415	
Due to other funds		162,346		-		-		10		-		162,356	
Due to the Board of County Commissioners		25,169		-		-		-		-		25,169	
Due to other governmental units		501,549		-		931		-		-		502,480	
Total liabilities		1,153,579		-		931		10		-		1,154,520	
Total net position	\$	820,432	\$	2,330	\$		\$	3,839	\$	8,230	\$	834,831	

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FIDUCIARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	Clerk's Trust		Employee Sunshine		Domestic Relations		Jury Witness		Public Defender Occupancy Trust		Totals
ADDITIONS											
Funds held for others	\$ 794,235	\$	1,220	\$	-	\$	13,000	\$	85,223	\$	893,678
Cash bonds	227,339		-		-		-		-		227,339
Fines, fees and court costs	 7,956,335		-		5,230				-		7,961,565
Total additions	 8,977,909		1,220		5,230		13,000		85,223		9,082,582
DEDUCTIONS											
Funds held for others	755,035		1,054		5,230		10,492		89,608		861,419
Cash bonds	356,365		-		-		-		-		356,365
Fines, fees and court costs	 7,956,335		-		-		-		-		7,956,335
Total deductions	9,067,735		1,054		5,230		10,492		89,608		9,174,119
Change in net position	(89,826)		166		-		2,508		(4,385)		(91,537)
Net position - beginning of year	 910,258		2,164		-		1,331		12,615		926,368
Net position - end of year	\$ 820,432	\$	2,330	\$	-	\$	3,839	\$	8,230	\$	834,831

See notes to financial statements.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Clerk of the Circuit Court, James M Swisher, Jr. Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 16, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Joxes

Lake City, FL July 16, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Clerk of the Circuit Court, James M Swisher, Jr. Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida the Clerk of the Circuit Court (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated July 16, 2024. We have also issued our report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting. That report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

AUDITOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Financial Emergency Status</u> – We have determined that the Clerk did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statut*es, that might result in a financial emergency.

<u>Financial Condition Assessment</u> – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules* of the *Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

<u>Financial Management</u> – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General require that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

<u>Additional Matters – Section 10.554(1)(i)3.</u>, Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules* of the *Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Clerk and have provided the appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the Office. We appreciate the overall high quality of the financial records and personnel in the Clerk's Office. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

Lake City, FL July 16, 2024

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Honorable Clerk of the Circuit Court, James M Swisher, Jr. Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida's Clerk of the Circuit Court's (the Clerk's) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. We have also examined the Clerk's compliance with Section 61.181 *Florida Statutes*, regarding the Clerk's alimony and child support payments and Sections 28.35 and 28.36; *Florida Statutes* as to the following during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023:

a. The budget and performance standards developed and certified by the Florida Clerk of the Courts Operations Corporation and Section 28.35 and 28.36 Florida Statutes.

Management is responsible for the Clerk's respective compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examinations.

Our examinations were conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Clerk's compliance with those respective requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examinations provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examinations do not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Columbia County, Florida, the Clerk, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

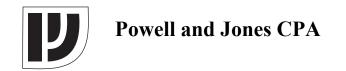
Lake City, FL July 16, 2024

PROPERTY APPRAISER

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER

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1359 S.W. Main Blvd Lake City, FL 32025 Phone 386.755.4200

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Jeff Hampton, Property Appraiser Columbia County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund of Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund of the Property Appraiser, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Columbia County Property Appraiser and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statues, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Property Appraiser is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Property Appraiser's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Property Appraiser's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during

our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 16, 2024, on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Powell and Jones CPA

Poweel & Joxes

Lake City, FL July 16, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2023

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 77,367
Total assets	\$ 77,367
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accrued payroll liabilities	\$ -
Due to Board of County Commissioners	75,587
Due to other governmental units	1,780
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 77,367

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

REVENUES	
Charges for services	
General government	
County officer fees	
Suwannee River Water	
Management District	\$ 47,765
Total charges for services	47,765
Miscellaneous	
Interest earnings	43
Other miscellaneous	425
Total miscellaneous	468
Total revenues	48,233
EXPENDITURES	
General government	
Financial and administrative	
Personnel services	1,774,221
	294,842
Operating expenses Capital outlay	3,337
Debt Service	3,331
Principal	4,568
Interest	4,368
Total expenditures	2,077,180
Total experiurures	2,011,180
Excess of revenues over (under)	
expenditures	(2,028,947)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Transfers from Board of County	
Commissioners	2,028,947
Net change in fund balance	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser).

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14," establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Property Appraiser, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of Columbia County, Florida (the County). Although the Property Appraiser's Office is operationally autonomous from the County, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Property Appraiser is reported as a part of the primary government of the County. The Property Appraiser's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of the County, taken as a whole.

The financial statements of the Property Appraiser are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), Florida Statutes.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds and account group utilized by the Property Appraiser are as follows:

(i) Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund of the Property Appraiser is used to account for all financial resources which are generated from operations of the office, or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Basis of Accounting - The "Basis of Accounting" refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Property Appraiser currently maintains its accounting records on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes appropriate adjustments are made to report the governmental fund type using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations. Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the Property Appraiser.

D. Budget - Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriations budget, which includes the operating budget of the Property Appraiser. The Property Appraiser's budget is also subject to approval by the Florida Department of Revenue.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted, and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriated budget of the Property Appraiser, which was amended during the year.

- E. Cash and Investments Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash." At September 30, 2023, the book balance of the Property Appraiser's deposits was \$77,367. The total bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.
- **F.** Inventories It is the policy of the Property Appraiser to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and is considered to be immaterial.
- **G. Fixed Assets** Fixed assets used in the Property Appraiser's operations are accounted for in the County's general fixed assets accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated. Depreciation on equipment is provided on the straight-line basis over useful lives of three to twelve years.
- H. Compensated Absences The Property Appraiser follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid by the Property Appraiser and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Property Appraiser maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available. As of September 30, 2023, the balance of compensated absences is \$130,576.
- I. Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- J. Risk Management The Property Appraiser is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others.

The Property Appraiser directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the County, which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.

K. Leases - The Property Appraiser has various leases for office equipment with remaining terms of less than five years at various monthly rates. The Property Appraiser reports leases as expenditures which totaled \$5,487 for the year ending September 30, 2022. Leases held by the Property Appraiser are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the annual interest expense and lease principal payments to maturity as of September 30, 2022:

Year	Principal	Interest	Payment
2024	\$ 5,031	\$ 392	\$ 5,423
2025	4,807	216	5,023
2026	743	115	858
2027	779	79	858
2028	817	41	858
After	423	6	429
	\$ 12,600	\$ 849	\$ 13,449

NOTE 3. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Property Appraiser contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System is employee non-contributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees are required to contribute 3% of their gross wages. The employer rates at September 30, 2023 were as follows:

	October 1, 2022 -	July 1, 2023 -
Class	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023
Regular Class	11.91%	13.57%
Special Risk Class	27.83%	32.67%
Special Risk Administrative Support	38.65%	39.82%
County Elected Officers	57.00%	60.00%
Senior Management Class	31.57%	34.52%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)	18.60%	21.13%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Property Appraiser are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Property Appraiser's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$271,239, \$217,839, and \$188,259 respectively equal to the required contributions for each year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA PROPERTY APPRAISER

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services				
General government				
County officer fees Suwannee River Water				
Management District	\$ 49,544	\$ 49,544	\$ 47,765	\$ (1,779)
Total charges for services	49,544	49,544		(1,779)
Miscellaneous			43	43
Interest earnings Other miscellaneous		-	425	43 425
Total miscellaneous		- 	468	468
Total revenues	49,544	49,544		(1,311)
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Financial and administrative				
Personnel services	1,701,344	1,782,771		8,550
Operating expenses	255,266	304,411	. 299,622	4,789
Non-operating expenses	84,166	66,896		66,896
Capital outlay	31,875		3,337	(3,337)
Total expenditures	2,072,651	2,154,078	2,077,180	76,898
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(2,023,107)	(2,104,534	(2,028,947)	75,587
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers from Board of County				
Commissioners	2,023,107	2,104,534	2,028,947	(75,587)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of yea	ı -	-	-	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Property Appraiser, Jeff Hampton Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the of the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 16, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

POWELL & JONES

Certified Public Accountants July 16, 2024

Poweel & Jones

MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Property Appraiser, Jeff Hampton Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated July 16, 2024.

We have issued our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards dated July 16, 2024. Disclosures in that report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Financial Emergency Status</u> – We have determined that the Property Appraiser did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statut*es, that might result in a financial emergency.

<u>Financial Condition Assessment</u> – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

<u>Financial Management</u> – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters - Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Property Appraiser and have provided him with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the Office. We appreciate the overall high quality of the financial records and personnel in the Property Appraiser's Office. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

POWELL & JONES Certified Public Accountants

Poweel & Joxes

July 16, 2024

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To The Property Appraiser, Jeff Hampton Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser's (the "Property Appraiser") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Columbia County, Florida Property Appraiser, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

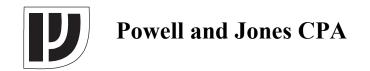
Poweel & Joxes

Powell and Jones CPA Lake City, FL July 16, 2024 **TAX COLLECTOR**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

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1359 S.W. Main Blvd. Lake City, FL 32025 Phone 386.755.4200 Fax 386.719.5504

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Kyle Keen
Tax Collector of Columbia County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County Tax Collector, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Columbia County Tax Collector's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County Tax Collector, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Columbia County Tax Collector and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statues, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Tax Collector is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Columbia

County Tax Collector's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Columbia County Tax Collector's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's

responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Columbia County Tax Collector's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 29, 2023, on our consideration of Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

April 29, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2023

	General Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$	215,743
Due from other funds		46,572
Total assets	\$	262,315
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$	205,298
Due to other governmental units		6,262
Accrued payroll, deductions, and		
matching		50,755
Total liabilities	\$	262,315

GOVERNMENTAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

REVENUES	General Fund	
Charges for services		
County officer commissions and fees:		
Professional and occupational licenses	\$	17,201
Motor vehicle fees		385,672
Drivers license fees		194,872
Concealed weapons fee		24,473
Other licenses and permits		3,037
State commissions		1,620
County commissions		987,595
Tax commissions		
Suwannee River Water Management		
District		21,691
Delinquent tax commissions		200,636
Special assessment commissions		256,594
Special assessment administrative fees		140,405
Total charges for services		2,233,796
Miscellaneous		
Interest earnings		6,021
Other miscellaneous		3,958
Total miscellaneous		9,979
Total revenues		2,243,775
EXPENDITURES		
General government		
Personnel services		1,822,369
Operating expenses		216,108
Total expenditures		2,038,477
		, ,
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		205,298
Other financing sources		
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners		(205,298)
Net change in fund balances		_
Fund balance at beginning of year		- -
Fund balance at beginning or year	\$	<u>-</u>
Tana balance at one of your	Ψ	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	,	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	1,793,119	
Accounts receivable		2,344	
Total assets	\$	1,795,463	
LIABILITIES			
Due to other funds	\$	46,572	
Due to other governmental units		1,562,353	
Total liabilities		1,608,925	
NET POSITION	\$	186,538	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Funds held for others	\$	6,946,981
Property taxes collected for other governments		64,902,726
Licenses and fees		7,710,143
Total additions		79,559,850
DEDUCTIONS		
Funds held for others		6,966,011
Taxes and fees payable		64,902,728
Licenses and fees		7,710,143
Total deductions		79,578,882
Change in net position		(19,032)
Net position - beginning of year		205,570
Net position - end of year	\$	186,538

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the Columbia County Tax Collector (Tax Collector).

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14,"establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Tax Collector, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of the County. Although the Tax Collector's Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Tax Collector is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Tax Collector's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

The financial statements of the Tax Collector are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), Florida Statutes.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds and account group utilized by the Tax Collector are as follows:

(i) Governmental Fund

General Fund - The General Fund of the Tax Collector is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

(ii) Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds - Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The following Custodial Funds are maintained by the Tax

Collector:

Ad Valorem Tax Fund Tag Fund

- C. Basis of Accounting The "Basis of Accounting" refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Tax Collector currently maintains his accounting records for all funds on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes appropriate adjustments are made to report governmental and fiduciary fund types using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations. Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the Tax Collector.
- **D. Budget** Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriated budget, which includes its funding of the operations of the Tax Collector. The operating budget of the Tax Collector is approved by the Florida Department of Revenue.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriated budget of the Tax Collector, as amended during the year.

E. Cash - Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash". At September 30, 2023, the book balance of the Tax Collector's cash was \$2,008,861. The total bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and pledged collateral.

The collateral for the Tax Collector's deposits is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Tax Collector at year end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Tax Collector or his agent in the Tax Collector's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Tax Collector's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Tax Collector's name. At year end, all of the Tax Collector's deposits were in Category 1.

- **F. Inventories** It is the policy of the Tax Collector to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.
- **G. Fixed Assets** Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated. Depreciation has been provided on the County's equipment on the straight-line basis over three to twelve years. Assets purchased by the Tax Collector are reported in the Board of County Commissioners' General Fixed Assets Accounts.

- H. Compensated Absences The Tax Collector follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of Tax Collector and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Tax Collector maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available. As of September 30, 2023, the balance of compensated absences is \$195,956.
- I. Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- J. Risk Management The Tax Collector is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others. The Tax Collector directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the Columbia County Board of County Commissioners which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.
- **K. Net Position** In the accompanying statement of net position, restricted net position, if any, is subject to restrictions beyond the Tax Collector's control. The restriction is either externally imposed (for instance, by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments) or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The entire balance of net position reflects amounts held for individuals.
- Leases The Tax Collector has various leases for office equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Tax Collector reports leases as expenditures which totaled \$5,277 for the year ending September 30, 2023. Leases held by the Tax Collector are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the payments to maturity as of September 30, 2023:

Year	Pa	Payment	
2023	\$	5,277	
2024		3,068	
2025		3,068	
2026		3,068	
	\$	14,482	

NOTE 2. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Tax Collector contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, *Florida Statutes*, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System is employee noncontributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees are required to contribute 3% of their gross wages. The Tax Collector is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates from October 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 and from July 1, 2023 through September 30, 2023, were as follows:

	October 1, 2022 -	July 1, 2023 -
Class	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023
Regular Class	11.91%	13.57%
Special Risk Class	27.83%	32.67%
Special Risk Administrative Support	38.65%	39.82%
County Elected Officers	43.77%	44.89%
Senior Management Class	31.57%	34.52%
Deferred Retirment Option Program (DROP)	18.60%	21.13%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Tax Collector are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Tax Collector's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$253,081, \$247,513, and \$213,460 respectively, which are equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Balances at September 30, 2023, were:

 eceivable	Interfund Payable		
\$ 46,572	\$	-	
 46,572		572 572	
\$	\$ 46,572	\$ 46,572 \$ 46,	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		Budget		Budget	Actual		Negative)
County Officer commissions and fees							
Professional and occupational licenses	\$	16,500	\$	16,500	17,201	\$	701
Motor vehicle fees		390,000	-	390,000	385,672	•	(4,328)
Drivers license fees		170,000		170,000	194,872		24,872
Concealed weapons fee		17,000		17,000	24,473		7,473
Other licenses and permits		5,810		5,810	3,037		(2,773)
State commissions		62,500		62,500	1,620		(60,880)
County commissions		985,000		985,000	987,595		2,595
Tax commissions							
Suwannee Water Management							
District		20,000		20,000	21,691		-
Delinquent tax commissions		140,000		140,000	200,636		60,636
Special assessment commissions		188,000		188,000	256,594		68,594
Special assessment administrative fees		98,500		98,500	140,405		41,905
Total charges for services		2,093,310		2,093,310	2,233,796		138,795
Miscellaneous							
Interest earnings		-		-	6,021		6,021
BCC grant		-		-	-		-
Other miscellaneous		4,500		4,500	3,958		(542)
Total miscellaneous		4,500		4,500	9,979		5,479
Total revenues		2,097,810		2,097,810	2,243,775		144,274
EXPENDITURES							
General government							
Personnel services		1,835,589		1,897,255	1,822,369		74,886
Operating expenses		224,745		224,745	216,108		8,637
Total expenditures		2,060,334		2,122,000	2,038,477		83,523
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		37,476		(24,190)	205,298		229,488
Other financing sources		31,410		(27,130)	203,298		223,400
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners		(37,476)		24,190	(205,298)		(229,488)
Fund balance at beginning of year		(31,410)		2-1,255	(200,200)		(223,436)
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$			\$	
Serence at one or your			_			<u> </u>	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLUMBIA COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR CUSTODIAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	Tag Fund	Į.	Ad Valorem Tax Fund		Totals
ASSETS	 	_			
Cash	\$ 135,907	\$	1,657,212	\$	1,793,119
Accounts receivable	 2,344				2,344
Total assets	\$ 138,251	\$	1,657,212	\$	1,795,463
LIABILITIES					
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$	46,572	\$	46,572
Due to other governmental units	 122,971		1,439,382		1,562,353
Total liabilities	 122,971	-	1,485,954	-	1,608,925
NET POSITION	\$ 15,280	\$	171,258	\$	186,538

COLUMBIA COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR CUSTODIAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSTION For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Ad	
	Tag	Valorem Tax	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
ADDITIONS			
Funds held for others	\$ 213,7	74 \$ 6,733,207	\$ 6,946,981
Property taxes collected for other governments		- 64,902,726	64,902,726
Licenses and fees	7,710,1	43 -	7,710,143
Total additions	7,923,9	71,635,933	79,559,850
DEDUCTIONS			
Funds held for others	214,0	81 6,751,930	6,966,011
Taxes and fees payable		- 64,902,728	64,902,728
Licenses and fees	7,710,1	43 -	7,710,143
Total deductions	7,924,2	24 71,654,658	79,578,882
Change in net position	(3	07) (18,725)	(19,032)
Net position - beginning of year	15,5	87189,983	205,570
Net position - end of year	\$ 15,2	80 \$ 171,258	\$ 186,538

COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Kyle Keen
Tax Collector of Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia County Tax Collector, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Columbia County Tax Collector's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Tax Collector's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Columbia County Tax Collector's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

April 29, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Tax Collector Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County Tax Collector, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2024.

We have issued our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards dated April 29, 2024. Disclosures in that report, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that the following be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings during the current year.

FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Financial Emergency Status</u> – We have determined that the Tax Collector did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statut*es, that might result in a financial emergency.

<u>Financial Condition Assessment</u> – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

<u>Financial Management</u> – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

<u>Additional Matters – Section 10.554(1)(i)3.</u>, Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Tax Collector and have provided him with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with our audit of the Tax Collector. We appreciate the helpful assistance of the Tax Collector Staff in completing our audit and also the generally high quality of the Tax Collector's financial records and internal controls. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

April 29, 2024

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To The Tax Collector Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida's Tax Collector's (the Tax Collector) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Columbia County, Florida, the Tax Collector and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Joxes

April 29, 2024

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mark Hunter
The Sheriff of Columbia County, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying fund financial statements of the major fund and aggregate remaining funds of the Columbia County Sheriff as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Columbia County Sheriff's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and aggregate remaining funds of the Columbia County Sheriff, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Columbia County Sheriff and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statues, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Sheriff is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Columbia County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether these financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Columbia County Sheriff's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Columbia County Sheriff's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial

statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during out audit for the basic financial statements. We do not express and opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information is comprised of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the combining tables but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 30, 2024, on our consideration of the Columbia County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Columbia County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Columbia County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

Lake City Florida

April 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2023

		General Fund	C	onstruction Fund	Inn	nate Welfare Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	 Totals
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Total assets	\$ <u>\$</u>	1,489,226 79,573 3,984 44,090 1,616,873	\$	2,315,985 - - - 2,315,985	\$	1,096,143 25,321 35,037 - 1,156,501	\$ 65,531 - - 1,700 67,231	\$ 4,966,885 104,894 39,021 45,790 5,156,590
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to Board of County Commissioners Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 	333,435 1,111,180 172,258 - 1,616,873	\$	- - - - -	\$	40,535 - - 11 40,546	\$ 675 - - - - 675	\$ 374,645 1,111,180 172,258 11 1,658,094
FUND BALANCES Restricted Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	<u>-</u> 1,616,873	\$	2,315,985 2,315,985	\$	1,115,955 1,156,501	\$ 66,556 67,231	\$ 3,498,496 5,156,590

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

		eneral Fund	C	onstruction Fund	Inm	nate Welfare Fund	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	 Totals
REVENUES		0=0.400							000 =00
Intergovernmental	\$	276,439	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,290	\$ 282,729
Charges for services		198,343		-		344,087		48	542,478
Fines and forfeitures		- 05 774		-		7.005		14,633	14,633
Interest		25,771		20,770		7,025		746	54,312
Miscellaneous		385,815		20.770		63,538		218	 449,571
Total revenues		886,368		20,770		414,650		21,935	 1,343,723
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Law enforcement	1	3,636,213		-		-		21,783	13,657,996
Corrections		5,896,905		-		180,005		-	6,076,910
Capital outlay									
Law enforcement		847,161		125,868		-		45,729	1,018,758
Corrections		5,220		-		166,467		-	171,687
Debt service									
Law enforcement		41,310		-		-		-	41,310
Corrections		10,158		-		5,596		-	15,754
Total expenditures	2	0,436,967		125,868		352,068		67,512	20,982,415
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	(1	.9,550,599)		(105,098)		62,582		(45,577)	 (19,638,692)
Other Financing Sources/Uses									
Transfers from Board of County									
Commissioners	1	.9,550,599		367,000		-		_	19,917,599
					-		•		
Net change in fund balances		-		261,902		62,582		(45,577)	278,907
Fund balances at beginning of year				2,054,083		1,053,373		112,133	 3,219,589
Fund balances at end of year	\$		\$	2,315,985	\$	1,115,955	\$	66,556	\$ 3,498,496

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	С	ustodial
		Funds
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	518,963
Total assets	\$	518,963
LIABILITIES		
Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$	5,996
Accounts payable		104
Due to other funds		39,009
Total liabilities		45,109
NET POSITION		473,854
Total liabilities and net position	\$	518,963

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	C	ustodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Funds held for others	\$	709,284
Sheriff civil fees		110,285
Total additions		819,569
DEDUCTIONS		
Funds held for others		713,679
Sheriff civil fees		108,795
Total deductions		822,474
Change in net position		(2,905)
Net position - beginning of year		476,759
Net position - end of year	\$	473,854

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14," establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Sheriff, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of the County. Although the Sheriff's Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Sheriff is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Sheriff's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

These special purpose financial statements of the Sheriff are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), Florida Statutes.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues and expenditures. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Separate columns are presented for each major fund and the nonmajor funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section of this report. The funds and account group utilized by the Sheriff are as follows:

(i) Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund of the Sheriff is used to account for all financial resources, which are generated from operations of the office or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Construction Fund – The Construction Fund is used to account for funds appropriated by the Board of County Commissions for the construction of new facilities.

Inmate Welfare Fund – The Inmate Welfare Fund is used to account for funds restricted by *Florida Statute* to use for the benefit or care of inmates such as commissions on commissary and other services provided to inmates.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – The nonmajor funds are special revenues funds which are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. As of September 30, 2023, the Sheriff maintained the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Minimum Standards School Drug Task Force Work Program

(ii) Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds - Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff as a custodian for other parties including individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Custodial Funds use the accrual basis of accounting. The following Custodial Funds are maintained by the Sheriff:

Inmate Trust
Individual Depositors Trust
Evidence Trust
Donations Trust

- C. Basis of Accounting The "Basis of Accounting" refers to when revenues and expenditures, and the related assets and liabilities, are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Sheriff currently maintains his accounting records for all funds on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes appropriate adjustments are made to report governmental and fiduciary fund types using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations.
- **D. Budget -** Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriations budget.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the amounts budgeted and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriated budget of the Sheriff.

E. Cash and Investments - Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash."

At September 30, 2023, the book balance of the Sheriff's deposits was \$5,485,848. The bank balances were \$5,594,659. These balances were covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held at various qualified public depositories. Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*, defines the eligible collateral for these qualified public depositories.

The collateral for the Sheriff's deposits is categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Sheriff at year end. Category 1 includes deposits that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Sheriff or his agent in the Sheriff's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Sheriff's name. Category 3 includes uninsured or unregistered deposits for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the Sheriff's name.

Bank Deposit		Category		Bank
Covered by	1	2	 3	Balance
Eligible collateral	\$ -	\$ 5,088,079	\$ -	\$ 5,088,079
FDIC Insurance	506,580	-	-	506,580
Total deposits	\$ 506,580	\$ 5,088,079	\$ -	\$ 5,594,659

- **F. Inventories** It is the policy of the Sheriff to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.
- **G. Fixed Assets -** Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the general fixed assets accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated.
- H. Compensated Absences The Sheriff follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the General Fund of the Sheriff and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Sheriff maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available as of September 30, 2023. The balance of compensated absences is \$1,313,368.
- I. Leases The Sheriff has various leases for various equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Sheriff reports leases as expenditures which totaled \$57,064 for the year ending September 30, 2023. Leases held by the Sheriff are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the minimum annual lease payments to maturity including principal and interest as of September 30, 2023:

Year Ending	
September 30	Minimum Lease Payment
2024	\$ 70,665
2025	34,530
2026	23,317
2027	16,416
	<u>\$ 144,928</u>

- J. Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- K. Risk Management The Sheriff is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or damage to property of others. The Sheriff directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the Columbia County Board of County Commissioners which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.

NOTE 2. CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance			Balance
	10/01/2022	Additions	Deletions	09/30/2023
Equipment	\$ 10,812,449	\$ 1,064,578	\$ (639,037)	\$ 11,237,990
Construction in progress	46,063	125,868	-	171,931
Accumulated depreciation	(8,942,548)	(911,902)	615,807	(9,238,643)
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,915,964	\$ 278,544	\$ (23,230)	\$ 2,171,278

NOTE 3. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Sheriff contributes to the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System is employee noncontributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees are required to contribute 3% of their gross wages. The Sheriff is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates from October 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 and from July 1, 2023 through September 30, 2023, were as follows:

	October 1, 2022 -	July 1, 2023 -		
Class	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023		
Regular Class	11.91%	13.57%		
Special Risk Class	27.83%	32.67%		
Special Risk Administrative Support	38.65%	39.82%		
County Elected Officers	43.77%	44.89%		
Senior Management Class	31.57%	34.52%		
Deferred Retirment Option Program (DROP)	18.60%	21.13%		

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Sheriff are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Sheriff's contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, and 2019 were \$2,602,823, \$1,952,934, \$1,820,522, \$1,799,231, and \$1,786,539, respectively, which are equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 4. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the State and Federal governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Sheriff and Board of County Commissioners expect such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Sheriff is defendant in various pending or threatened litigation. Although the outcome of these

lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Sheriff's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Sheriff.

NOTE 5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff is exposed to risk or loss for claims and judgments for public liability, worker's compensation, and other special risks. Public liability and special risks are covered by commercial insurance policies which are accounted for in the Sheriff's general fund. The Sheriff bears no risk of loss under this type of coverage. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year. Insurance coverage has been sufficient to cover all claims made in the prior three fiscal years.

The Sheriff is a member of Florida Sheriffs' Self-Insurance Fund, which administers insurance activities relating to property and general liability; Florida Sheriffs' Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund, which administers workers' compensation insurance; and Sheriffs' .Automobile Risk Program which administers automobile liability and physical damage insurance. Those funds and program absorb losses up to a specified amount annually and purchase excess coverage from third-party carriers. Each member is assessed his/her pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operation expenses. Losses, if any, in excess of the fund or program ability to assess its members, would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

The Sheriff is a member of the Florida Sheriffs Multiple Employers Trust Consortium, which is a self-funded healthcare pool. The funds contributed in the form of premiums and that of the program absorb losses up to a specified amount annually and purchases excess coverage from third-party carriers. Each member is assessed his/her pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operation expenses. Losses, if any, in excess of the fund or program ability to assess its members, would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

The Sheriff utilizes a pooled, self-funded health plan to provide comprehensive medical benefits to the employees, retirees and their dependents. It is funded by contributions from the Sheriff's Office and employees. In compliance with *Florida Statute* Section 112.08, an actuarial review of the Plan demonstrates the current rate structure of the Plan plus the current net assets available for benefits appears adequate to support current outstanding claims as well as those projected claims and expenses for the next Plan year.

NOTE 6. UNEARNED REVENUE

The Sheriff reports unearned revenue, if applicable, on the balance sheet. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met, and the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTE 7. FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of September 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are

externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing body. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the governing body.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under current practices, the assignment of amounts for specific purposes is approved by the Sheriff.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Fund balances with restrictions are as follows at September 30, 2023:

				C	lassific	ation						
	Nonspe	ndable	R	estricted	Comr	nitted	Assi	gned	Unass	igned		Total
Special Revenue Funds												
Minimum Standards School	\$	-	\$	20,050	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,050
Drug Task Force		-		33,486		-		-		-		33,486
Inmate Welfare		-	1	L,115,955		-		-		-	:	1,115,955
Construction Fund		-	2	2,315,985		-		-		-	2	2,315,985
Work Program		-		13,020		-		-		-		13,020
	\$	-	\$ 3	3,498,496	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3	3,498,496

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

Variance With

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Final Budget Positive			
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental revenue						
Grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 156,969	\$ 156,969		
Other intergovernmental revenue	-	-	119,470	119,470		
Charges for services			198,343	198,343		
Interest	-	-	25,771	25,771		
Miscellaneous			385,815	385,815		
		<u> </u>	886,368	886,368		
EXPENDITURES						
Administration						
Personnel services	1,317,620	1,318,298	1,327,504	(9,206)		
Operating expenses	216,278	218,600	210,149	8,451		
Debt service	4,600	4,600	5,850	(1,250)		
Total administration	1,538,498	1,541,498	1,543,503	(2,005)		
Road Patrol						
Personnel services	4,075,083	4,075,083	4,477,045	(401,962)		
Operating expenses	662,700	862,135	863,564	(1,429)		
Capital outlay	400,000	477,729	617,354	(139,625)		
Debt service	4,300	4,300	3,414	886		
Total road patrol	5,142,083	5,419,247	5,961,377	(542,130)		
Detective						
Personnel services	1,307,272	1,307,272	1,193,614	113,658		
Operating expenses	134,950	144,950	159,165	(14,215)		
Debt service	4,000	4,000	2,870	1,130		
Total detective	1,446,222	1,456,222	1,355,649	100,573		
Civil						
Personnel services	490,068	490,068	493,903	(3,835)		
Operating expenses	43,105	43,605	43,573	32		
Capital outlay	-	-	1,139	(1,139)		
Debt service	3,000	3,000	3,725	(725)		
Total civil	536,173	536,673	542,340	(5,667)		
Records Evidence						
Personnel services	436,823	436,823	421,130	15,693		
Operating expenses	33,200	33,200	18,567	14,633		
Debt service	2,000	2,000	2,217	(217)		
Total records evidence	472,023	472,023	441,914	30,109		
Communications						
Personnel services	54,766	54,766	58,643	(3,877)		
Operating expenses	13,000	13,000	13,019	(19)		
Total communications	67,766	67,766	71,662	(3,896)		

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

For tr	ie Fiscai Year Ended s	September 30, 2	2023	Variance With			
	Budgeted A		Actual	Positive			
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Amounts	(Negative)			
Corrections	4.550.000	4.550.000	4 400 570	4.47.000			
Personnel services	4,553,960	4,553,960	4,406,578	147,382			
Operating expenses	1,302,560	1,304,060	1,490,327	(186,267)			
Capital outlay Debt service	10,000 11,000	10,000 11,000	5,220 10,158	4,780 842			
Total corrections	5,877,520	5,879,020	5,912,283	(33,263)			
Total corrections	3,811,320	3,879,020	3,912,263	(33,203)			
Sheriff task force							
Personnel services	509,947	509,947	588,246	(78,299)			
Operating expenses	52,800	52,800	84,639	(31,839)			
Debt service	2,300	2,300	20,944	(18,644)			
Total sheriff task force	565,047	565,047	693,829	(128,782)			
Cabaal							
School resources	1 830 067	4 020 067	4.056.006	(46.050)			
Personnel services	1,839,067	1,839,067	1,856,026	(16,959)			
Operating expenses Total school resources	<u>145,500</u> 1,984,567	145,500 1,984,567	124,815 1,980,841	20,685 3,726			
Total school resources	1,984,567	1,984,567	1,960,641	3,720			
Bullet Proof Vest							
Operating expenses	-	-	8,177	(8,177)			
Total Bullet Proof Vest	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	8,177	(8,177)			
Information technology							
Operating expenses	367,800	367,800	302,430	65,370			
Capital outlay	100,000	127,855	186,365	(58,510)			
Total information technology	467,800	495,655	488,795	6,860			
rotal illiciniation toolillology		100,000	100,700				
Community services							
Personnel services	195,651	195,651	295,828	(100,177)			
Operating expenses	43,050	43,050	58,629	(15,579)			
Debt service	300	300	544	(244)			
Total community services	239,001	239,001	355,001	(116,000)			
Courts judicial							
Personnel services	845,867	845,867	686,298	159,569			
Operating expenses	64,500	64,500	44,980	19,520			
Debt service	2,500	2,500	1,746	754			
Total court judicial	912,867	912,867	733,024	179,843			
Warrants							
Personnel services	149,671	149,671	145,728	3,943			
Operating expenses	3,600	3,600	3,032	568			
Total warrants	153,271	153,271	148,760	4,511			
Animal services							
Operating expenses	2,200	_	-	-			
Capital outlay	126,695	_	-	_			
Total animal services	128,895	-	-				
				-			

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA

SHERIFF

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

. 3	Budgeted A	Budgeted Amounts Actual					
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)			
Guardian program							
Operating expenses	_	_	8.718	(8,718)			
Capital outlay	_	-	42,303	(42,303)			
Total guardian program	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	51,021	(51,021)			
CJDT grant							
Operating expenses	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	105,000	(105,000)			
Total CJDT grant	-	<u>-</u>	105,000	(105,000)			
Crime analyst grant							
Personnel services	<u>-</u>	-	43,791	(43,791)			
Total crime analyst grant	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	43,791	(43,791)			
Total expenditures	19,531,733	19,722,857	20,436,967	(714,110)			
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	(19,531,733)	(19,722,857)	(19,550,599)	172,258			
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from the Board of							
County Commissioners	19,531,733	19,722,857	19,550,599	(172,258)			
Total other financing sources	19,531,733	19,722,857	19,550,599	(172,258)			
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-			
Fund balance beginning of year	<u> </u>						
Fund balance end of year			-				

OTHER INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMNTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2023

	M	linimum					
	Standards School		D	rug Task		Work	
				Force	Р	rogram	Totals
ASSETS	<u> </u>						
Cash	\$	20,050	\$	32,461	\$	13,020	\$ 65,531
Due from other governmental units		-		1,700		-	1,700
Total assets	\$	20,050	\$	34,161	\$	13,020	\$ 67,231
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	675	\$	-	\$ 675
Total liabilities				675			675
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		20,050		33,486		13,020	66,556
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,050	\$	34,161	\$	13,020	\$ 67,231

NONMAJOR GOVERNMNTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Minimum Standards School	Drug Task Force	Work Program	Totals		
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 6,290	\$ -	\$ 6,290		
Charges for services	-	-	48	48		
Fines and forfeitures	8,783	5,850	-	14,633		
Interest	206	463	77	746		
Miscellaneous		218		218		
Total revenues	8,989	12,821	125	21,935		
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety						
Law enforcement						
Operating expenses	8,375	13,408	-	21,783		
Capital outlay		45,729		45,729		
Total expenditures	8,375	59,137		67,512		
Net change in fund balances	614	(46,316)	125	(45,577)		
Fund balances beginning of year	19,436	79,802	12,895	112,133		
Fund balances end of year	\$ 20,050	\$ 33,486	\$ 13,020	\$ 66,556		

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF CUSTODIAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	lnı	nate Trust	Individual Evidence e Trust Depositors Trust			Donations Trust		Total Custodial Funds		
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	395,132	\$	7,486	\$	104,382	\$	11,963	\$	518,963
Total assets	\$	395,132	\$	7,486	\$	104,382	\$	11,963	\$	518,963
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION LIABILITIES										
Due to Board of County Commissioners Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	5,996 -	\$	-	\$	- 104	\$	5,996 1 04
Due to other funds		39,009		-		-		-		39,009
Total liabilities		39,009		5,996		-		104		45,109
NET POSITION		356,123		1,490		104,382		11,859		473,854
Total liabilities and net position	\$	395,132	\$	7,486	\$	104,382	\$	11,963	\$	518,963

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SHERIFF CUSTODIAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Inmate Trust			Do	onations Trust	Total Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS	 _							
Funds held for others	\$ 622,871	\$	-	\$ 47,140	\$	39,273	\$	709,284
Sheriff civil fees	 _		110,285	 				110,285
Total additions	622,871		110,285	 47,140		39,273		819,569
DEDUCTIONS								
Funds held for others	600,107		-	72,987		40,585		713,679
Sheriff civil fees	_		108,795	-		-		108,795
Total deductions	600,107		108,795	72,987		40,585		822,474
Change in net position	22,764		1,490	(25,847)		(1,312)		(2,905)
Net position - beginning of year	333,359		, -	130,229		13,171		476,759
Net position - end of year	\$ 356,123	\$	1,490	\$ 104,382	\$	11,859	\$	473,854

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

			ROGRAM						
		OF	AWARD	REP(ORTED IN	RE	VENUES		
ALN	GRANT#	A	MOUNT	PRIC	OR YEARS	RECOGNIZED		EXPE	NDITURES
16.607	FY2021	\$	6,300	\$	1,119	\$	5,181	\$	5,181
16.607	FY2022		6,899		-		2,997		2,997
16.607	FY2023		4,726		-		-		-
			17,926		1,119		8,177		8,177
97.067	R0288		58,000		34,347		7,216		7,216
97.067	R0580		58,000		-		36,576		36,576
			116,000		34,347		43,791		43,791
		\$	133,926	\$	35,467	\$	51,969	\$	51,969
71.044	2022-DTSFA-D2-014	\$	105,000	\$	-	\$	105,000	\$	105,000
		\$	105,000	\$	-	\$	105,000	\$	105,000
		-							
		\$	238,926	\$	35,467	\$	156,969	\$	156,969
	16.607 16.607 16.607	16.607 FY2021 16.607 FY2022 16.607 FY2023 97.067 R0288 97.067 R0580	ALN GRANT # A 16.607 FY2021 \$ 16.607 FY2022 16.607 FY2023 97.067 R0288 97.067 R0580 \$ 71.044 2022-DTSFA-D2-014 \$ \$	16.607 FY2021 \$ 6,300 16.607 FY2022 6,899 16.607 FY2023 4,726 17,926 97.067 R0288 58,000 97.067 R0580 58,000 116,000 \$ 133,926	ALN GRANT # AMOUNT PRIOR 16.607 FY2021 \$ 6,300 \$ 16.607 16.607 FY2022 6,899 4,726 17,926 17,926 17,926 97.067 R0288 58,000 97.067 R0580 58,000 \$ 133,926 \$ 71.044 2022-DTSFA-D2-014 \$ 105,000 \$ 105,000	ALN GRANT # AMOUNT PRIOR YEARS 16.607 FY2021 \$ 6,300 \$ 1,119 16.607 FY2022 6,899 - 16.607 FY2023 4,726 - 17,926 1,119 97.067 R0288 58,000 34,347 97.067 R0580 58,000 - 116,000 34,347 \$ 133,926 \$ 35,467 71.044 2022-DTSFA-D2-014 \$ 105,000 \$ - \$ 105,000 \$ - \$ -	ALN GRANT # AMOUNT PRIOR YEARS REC 16.607 FY2021 \$ 6,300 \$ 1,119 \$ 16.607 16.607 FY2022 6,899 - - 16.607 FY2023 4,726 - - 17,926 1,119 - - 97.067 R0288 58,000 34,347 97.067 R0580 58,000 - 116,000 34,347 - \$ 133,926 \$ 35,467 \$ 71.044 2022-DTSFA-D2-014 \$ 105,000 \$ - \$ \$ 105,000 \$ - \$ \$	ALN GRANT # AMOUNT PRIOR YEARS RECOGNIZED 16.607 FY2021 \$ 6,300 \$ 1,119 \$ 5,181 16.607 FY2022 6,899 - 2,997 16.607 FY2023 4,726 - - 17,926 1,119 8,177 97.067 R0288 58,000 34,347 7,216 97.067 R0580 58,000 - 36,576 116,000 34,347 43,791 \$ 133,926 \$ 35,467 \$ 51,969 71.044 2022-DTSFA-D2-014 \$ 105,000 \$ - \$ 105,000 \$ 105,000 \$ - \$ 105,000	ALN GRANT # AMOUNT PRIOR YEARS RECOGNIZED EXPENDICULAR 16.607 FY2021 \$ 6,300 \$ 1,119 \$ 5,181 \$ 16.607 16.607 FY2022 6,899 - 2,997 - 2,997 - 2,997 - 2,997 - 36,576 - 36,177 - 36,177 - 36,576

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and presentation of the special purpose financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Sheriff have been designed to conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units, including the reporting and compliance requirements of the Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and Office of Management and Budget *Uniform Guidance*.

A. Reporting Entity

The Sheriff, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of the County. Although the Sheriff's Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Sheriff is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Sheriff's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

These special purpose financial statements of the Sheriff are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), Florida Statutes.

B. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Columbia County Sheriff considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

OTHER REPORTS AND LETTERS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mark Hunter
The Sheriff of Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the special purpose financial statements of the Columbia County Sheriff as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Columbia County Sheriff's special purpose financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Columbia County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Columbia County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Columbia County Sheriff's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Columbia County Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Joxes

Lake City, Florida April 30, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mark Hunter
The Sheriff of Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the special purpose fund financial statements of the Columbia County Sheriff, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2024.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in this report which is dated April 30, 2024 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida. The Letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditor's reports or schedule:

Section 10.554(I)(i)I., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no prior findings or recommendations.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the current year.

AUDITOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Financial Emergency Status</u> – We determined that the Sheriff had not met any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

<u>Financial Condition Assessment</u> – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules* of the *Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

<u>Financial Management</u> – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

<u>Additional Matters – Section 10.554(1)(i)3.</u>, Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules* of the *Auditor General*, Chapter 10.550.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Sheriff and have provided him with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the Sheriff's Office. We appreciate the overall high quality of the financial records and personnel in the Sheriff's Office. We also appreciate the helpful assistance, professionalism and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

Lake City, Florida April 30, 2024

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mark Hunter
The Sheriff of Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida Sheriff's (the Sheriff) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Columbia County, Florida Sheriff, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

Lake City, Florida April 30, 2024 **SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS**

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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1359 S.W. Main Blvd. Lake City, FL 32025 Phone 386.755.4200

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Tomi S. Brown, Supervisor of Elections Columbia County, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund of Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Election (the Supervisor of Election), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Supervisor of Election's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund of the Supervisor of Election, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Supervisor of Election and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(8), Florida Statues, and Rule 10.557(5) of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Supervisor of Election is part of the reporting for Columbia County, Florida. Accordingly, these financial statements are not a complete presentation of the reporting entity's basic financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Supervisor of Election's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Election's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Supervisor of Election's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 16, 2024, on our consideration of the Supervisor of Election's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Supervisor of Election's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in Columbia County Supervisor of Election's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Joxes

Lake City, FL July 16, 2024 **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2023

	General Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash		131,796
Due from other governmental units		8,409
Total assets	\$	140,205
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable		11,719
Accrued payroll liabilities		20,938
Due to other funds		107,548
Total liabilities		140,205
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted		-
Total fund balances		_
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	140,205

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

REVENUES		
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	55,178
Miscellaneous		12,458
Total revenues		67,636
EXPENDITURES		
Current expenditures		
General government		
Personnel services		852,680
Operating expenses		390,172
Capital outlay		44,277
Debt service		
Principal		31,253
Interest		4,749
Total expenditures	1	,323,131
Excess of revenues over (under)		
expenditures	(1	.,255,495)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund net transfers from Board of County Commissioners	1	.,255,495
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	,255,495
Net change in fund balances		-
Fund balance beginning of year		-
Fund balance end of year	\$	-

See notes to financial statements.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the Columbia County Supervisor of Elections (Supervisor of Elections).

A. Reporting Entity - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement 14," establishes standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations.

The Supervisor of Elections, as established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida, is an elected official of the County. Although the Supervisor of Elections' Office is operationally autonomous from the Board of County Commissioners, it does not hold sufficient corporate powers of its own to be considered a legally separate entity for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, the Supervisor of Elections is reported as a part of the primary government of Columbia County, Florida. The Supervisor of Elections' financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Columbia County, Florida, taken as a whole.

The financial statements of the Supervisor of Elections are issued separately to comply with Section 10.557(4), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits, pursuant to Section 11.45(3), Florida Statutes.

B. Fund Accounting - Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund entity, revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds utilized by the Supervisor of Elections are as follows:

(i) Governmental Fund

General Fund - The General Fund of the Supervisor of Elections is used to account for all financial resources which are generated from operations of the office, or any other resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Basis of Accounting - Basis of Accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The Supervisor of Elections currently maintains accounting records for all funds on the cash basis. However, for financial statement purposes appropriate adjustments are made to report governmental and fiduciary fund types using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are generally recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are reported when incurred with the exception of prepaid expenses and principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

The Supervisor of Elections reports unearned revenue, if applicable, on its combined balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

D. Budget - Chapter 129, *Florida Statutes*, requires that budgets be adopted for all funds as may be required by law, sound financial practices, and generally accepted accounting principles and that budgets be adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Pursuant to this requirement, the County adopts an annual comprehensive appropriations budget, which includes the operating budget of the Supervisor of Elections.

In the budget comparisons included in these financial statements, both the budgeted and the actual amounts reported are presented on the GAAP basis. Budgetary comparisons present the appropriated budget of the Supervisor of Elections.

- E. Cash and Investments Deposits are carried at cost which approximates market value. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash." At September 30, 2023, the book balance of the Supervisor of Elections' deposits was \$131,796. The total balance was covered by federal depository insurance.
- **F.** Inventories It is the policy of the Supervisor of Elections to record the acquisition of supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase. The amount of supplies on hand at any one time would be a nominal amount and considered to be immaterial.
- **G.** Capital Assets Capital assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the Board of County Commissioners' general fixed assets accounts. All fixed assets acquired by purchase are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date donated. Equipment of the Board is depreciated using the straight-line method over useful lives of three to twelve years.
- H. Compensated Absences The Supervisor of Elections follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the Supervisor of Elections and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Supervisor of Elections maintained compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available. As of September 30, 2023, the balance of compensated absences is \$43,467.
- I. Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.
- J. Risk Management The Supervisor of Elections is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction to property of others. The Supervisor of Elections directly purchases insurance and participates in the risk management program through the Columbia County Board of County Commissioners which uses commercial insurance and a public entity risk pool to cover certain risks from loss.

NOTE 2. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The Supervisor of Elections contributes to the Florida Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The System provides retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, 2639 North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

Funding Policy - The System was employee non-contributory through June 30, 2011. Effective July 1, 2011, employees must contribute 3% of their gross wages. The Supervisor of Elections is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rates for the year ended September 30, 2023, were as follows:

	October 1, 2022 -	July 1, 2023 -
Class	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023
Regular Class	11.91%	13.57%
Special Risk Class	27.83%	32.67%
Special Risk Administrative Support	38.65%	39.82%
County Elected Officers	57.00%	60.00%
Senior Management Class	31.57%	34.52%
Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)	18.60%	21.13%

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Supervisor of Elections are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Supervisor of Elections' contributions to the System for the years ending September 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$125,984, \$104,437, and \$87,790, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 3. OPERATING LEASE PAYABLE

The Supervisor of Elections has various leases for office equipment with remaining terms of one to five years at various monthly rates. The Supervisor of Elections reports leases as expenditures which totaled \$36,002 for the year ending September 30, 2023. Long term leases were reported as debt service principal and interest of \$31,253 and \$4,749 in the governmental fund financial statements as of September 30, 2023. Leases held by the Supervisor of Elections are reported as a right of use asset and lease liability in the government-wide financial statements of the County, in accordance with SGAS No. 87. The schedule below shows the annual interest expense and lease principal payments to maturity as of September 30, 2023:

Payment		Ir	nterest	P	rincipal
\$ 30	,045	\$	2,960	\$	27,085
24	,004		1286		22,718
7	,690		267		7,423
\$ 61	.,739	\$	4,513	\$	57,226
	\$ 30 24	Payment \$ 30,045 24,004 7,690 \$ 61,739	\$ 30,045 \$ 24,004 7,690	\$ 30,045 \$ 2,960 24,004 1286 7,690 267	\$ 30,045 \$ 2,960 \$ 24,004 1286 7,690 267

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLUMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	<u> </u>			(110841110)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$ -	55,178	\$ 55,178
Miscellaneous	-	-	12,458	12,458
Total revenues	-		67,636	67,636
EXPENDITURES				
Current expenditures General government				
Personnel services	854,628	854,628	852,680	1,948
Operating expenses	508,415	508,415	390,172	118,243
Capital outlay	-	-	44,277	(44,277)
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	31,253	(31,253)
Interest			4,749	(4,749)
Total expenditures	1,363,043	1,363,043	1,323,131	39,912
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(1,363,043)	(1,363,043)	(1,255,495)	107,548
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Interfund transfers from Board of County Commissioners	1,363,043	1,363,043	1,255,495	(107,548)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,363,043	1,363,043	1,255,495	(107,548)
Net change in fund balances			-	
Fund balance beginning of year		<u> </u>		
Fund balance end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See Notes to the Financial Statements

COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Tomi S. Brown, Supervisor of Elections Columbia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental fund of the Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the "Supervisor of Elections"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor of Elections' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 16, 2024

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor of Elections' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia County Supervisor of Election's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor of Elections' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we noted two deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. These material weaknesses have been discussed in the Management Letter below.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor of Elections' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Powell and Jones CPA

Powel & Jones

Lake City, FL July 16 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Tomi S. Brown, Supervisor of Elections Columbia County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated July 16, 2024.

We have issued our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards dated July 16, 2024. Disclosures in that report should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no reportable findings in the prior year.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

Material Weaknesses

2023-1: Bank Reconciliations

The Supervisor's office has been unable to utilize its accounting software to perform bank reconciliations. As a result, we found that for the period from October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023 that there had been no bank reconciliations completed.

Sound internal controls require reconciliation of cash accounts within a reasonable time period after receipt of the bank statement. If bank accounts are not reconciled on a monthly basis, errors or other issues may not be reconciled or resolved on a timely manner.

As a result of this matter, the Supervisor's office was unable to detect two duplicate entries and multiple other transactions that were not entered during the year, the accumulation of such errors would have resulted in a material misstatement had they not been found and corrected during the audit.

We recommend the Supervisor's office update its accounting software to a system that includes the ability to reconcile its bank statements, and that it begins to complete bank reconciliations on a monthly basis.

2023-2: Classification Review

The Supervisor's office receives the majority of its financial support through scheduled transfers from Columbia County's Board of County Commissioners (the Board). These transfers are intended to cover the Supervisor's approved budget for the year. After year-end, the Supervisor returns any excess funds received less expenditures incurred (net income) back to the Board. During the audit, we found that in June 2023, the Supervisor had recorded a liability for its monthly receipt from the Board of \$104,905 instead of recognizing it as an incoming transfer. The result was that the Supervisor's net income was lower, and accordingly, substantially less was returned to the Board than was due after year-end.

We recommend that the Supervisor's office include an internal control procedure whereby on a monthly basis, a review of a general ledger report containing the month's transactions be conducted to see if any material transactions were misclassified, and corrections, if necessary are made.

Significant Deficiencies

There were no significant deficiencies in the current year.

FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Financial Emergency Status</u> – We have determined that the Supervisor of Elections did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, that might result in a financial emergency.

<u>Financial Condition Assessment</u> – As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8)), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information they provided.

Our audit did not disclose any further items that would be required to be reported under the *Rules* of the *Auditor General*, Chapter 10.554(1)(f).

<u>Financial Management</u> – Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

<u>Additional Matters – Section 10.554(1)(i)3.</u>, Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

CONCLUSION

We have reviewed information regarding our audit with the Supervisor of Elections and have provided him with appropriate documentation as requested. We very much enjoyed the challenges and experiences associated with this audit of the Office. We appreciate the overall high quality of the financial records and personnel in the Supervisor of Elections' Office. We also appreciate the helpful assistance and courtesy afforded us by these employees.

Poweel & Joxes

Powell and Jones CPA Lake City, FL July 16, 2024

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Tomi S. Brown, Supervisor of Elections Columbia County, Florida

We have examined the Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections' (the "Supervisor of Elections") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the Supervisor's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Supervisor of Elections compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor of Elections compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor of Elections complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Columbia County, Florida Supervisor of Elections, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Poweel & Joxes

Powell and Jones CPA Lake City, FL July 16, 2024